Iraq awards \$1b pipeline contract

BAGHDAD (R) — Iraq awarded a long-awaited billion-dollar oil pipeline contract on Sunday to an international consortium led by Japan and Italy. An official statement said the contract was signed by Oil Minister Issam Abdul Rahim Al Shalabi and a group of Japanese, Italian, French and South Korean companies. The pipeline across Saudi Arabia is expected to boost Irag's oil expected than three million barrels per day (bpd) within two years. Western diplomats in Baghdad said the deal was a severe blow to West German industries which had entered a rival bid. It was also a slap in the face for Foreign Minister Hans-Dietrich Genscher who soured Bonn's relations with Baghdad in July by saying Iraq had started the seven-year-long Gulf war. The 1.000-km pipeline, to be finished in two years, will carry 1.15 million bpd to the Saudi Arabian export terminal at Yanbu on the Red Sea. It will run parallel to an existing line atready pumping 500,000 bpd of Iraqi crude. Mr. Shalabi described the project as one of the biggest of its type in Iraq. He said it would bring Iraq's daily output of crude, now estimated at 2.1 million bpd, back to the pre-war level of over three million.



Turkey-Gulf water pipeline planned

ANKARA (R) — A visiting United Arab Emirates (UAE) minister discussed with officials on Sunday a project to pipe water to arid Gulf states from Turkey. Anatolian agency said. "This is a giant project from which both of our countries will profit. We can give manural gas to Turkey in return for water," the news agency quoted UAE Electricity and Water Minister Hamid Nasser Al Owerss as saying. The \$15 to \$20 billion project envisages two pipelines carrying two billion cubic metres of water a year 2,500 kilometres from rivers in southeast Turkey to Gulf states. One pipeline would cross Iraq to Kuwait and Sharjah in the UAE. The other would go to Saudi Arabia via Syria, the Israeli-occupied West Bank and would go to Saudi Arabia via Syria, the Israeli-occupied West Bank and Jordan. The cost would be met by the countries involved and a U.S. contractor has finished a preliminary study.

Volume 12 Number 3582

Man burns his sister to death

AMMAN (J.T.) — A 23-year-old man killed his 21-year-old sister on Sunday by burning her to death. The man, identified by police only as LMM, poured kerosene on his sister after tying her hands and legs and set fire to her body at their home in Marka. The fire engulfed the room and the man had to call for the neighbours help to put out the fire. The neighbours, together with fire engines from the Civil Defence Department, rushed to the scene to put out the fire. But the girl was already dead. Police arrested the man.

Bomb injures 2 in Iranian city

LONDON (R) - A bomb exploded in the western Iranian city of Bakhtaran early on Sunday and injured two people, the Iranian news agency (IRNA) reported. The agency, received in London, said several people had been arrested on suspicion of planting three bombs, two of which were found and defused. The third caused no damage, it said. Bakhtaran, formerly Kermanshah, is about 65 kilometres from the Iraqi border.

Kuwait postpones AIDS conference

KUWAIT (R) - Kuwait has postponed until next February a Middle East conference on AIDS due to have started on Monday because not enough participants could attend, a Health Ministry spokesman said. The conference was to have drawn international experts and officials from 16 states of the Eastern Mediterranean group of the World Health Organisation (WHO). Only 24 cases of the fatal disease have been reported in these countries. WHO says. But several states have stepped up information campaigns and blood tests for the AIDS virus to protect their populations. Kuwait hosted the first Middle East AIDS conference in February 1986.

Pakistan holds 60 Afghan 'saboteurs'

ISLAMABAD (R) — More than 60 Afghans and several Iranians have been arrested for alleged involvement in a wave of bomb blasts in Pakistan, a senior government official said on Sunday. State (Deputy) Interior Minister Raja Nadir Pervaiz told parliament 60 Afghans arrested in the North West Frontier Province had made confessions of having engaged in "subversive activities" and being sent by the Afghan secret police. Police had recovered a tonne of explosive material and 360 timing devices from them, he said.

Peres says no deal with Iran

TEL AVIV (AP) — Israeli Foreign Minister Shimon Peres on Sunday denied media reports that Israel has promised Iran weapons in exchange for emigration rights for Iranian Jews. "There is no-thing whatsoever, direct or indirect, going on between us and Iran. No business, no agreements, no understandings, no visits," Mr. Peres told a news conference. "We shall never make Jewish people hostages in this very strange way." Mr. Peres spoke before leaving for the United States where he is to meet with his Soviet counterpart.

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AMMAN, MONDAY SEPTEMBER 21, 1987, MUHARRAM 28, 1408

Price: Jordan 100 fils; Syria I pound; Lebanon I pound; Saudi Arabia 1.50 riyals; UAE 1.50 dirhams; Great Britain 25 pence

Extraordinary Arab summit to be held in Amman on Nov. 8 to discuss Iran-Iraq war

Combined agency dispatches

TUNIS — The Arab League, which is pressing Iran for a truce in the seven-yearold Iran-Iraq war, agreed unanimously on Sunday to convene an extraordinary summit in Jordan on Nov. 8 to discuss the conflict.

discuss the possibility of collective Arab sanctions against immediate ceasefire in the Iran-Tehran for its refusal to accept a ceasefire in the war.

The agreement was announced cil of Ministers also called on all by the foreign ministers of the member states to intensify efforts Arab League after a meeting in Tunis which had been called to Council to enforce its Resolution Council to enforce its Resolution 598 of July 20 which called for an

Iraq war.
The communique reiterated In a statement issued after the that there was a need for member Sudanese Foreign Minister meeting, the Arab League Counstates to work together to achieve Adam Moursa Madbou

ceasefire call, contained in Security Council Resolution 598, had to be treated "as an indivisible

"The council also examined with interest continuing contacts and consultations by the U.N. secretary general with members of the Security Council in order to carry out the articles of Re-solution 598." it said.

The Amman summit would examine developments in the Iran-Irao war in all its aspects and the unceasing threats which it causes to weigh on the Arab Gulf

Sudanese Foreign Minister

a ceasefire. It said the U.N. announced that the summit the Arab Nation. would be held in Amman in seven weeks' time.

Syrian Foreign Minister Farouq Al Sharaa told reporters: "During the discussions, the Syrian delegation opposed the agenda of the extraordinary Arab summit because we believe that priority should be given to the Arab-Israeli conflict.

The Jordanian foreign minister, Mr. Taher Al Masri, welcomed the decision of the Arab League Council and said Jordan, under the leadership of His Majesty King Hussein, would do everything within its means and capacity to achieve Arab solidarity in the face of dangers facing

Saudi Arabian Foreign Minister Prince Saud Al Faisal, who handed over the presidency of the

Arab League Council to Sudan after Sunday's meeting, said Arab states had decided not to take action against Iran for the

At a previous meeting in the Tunisian capital on Aug. 23, the ministers set Sunday — two months after the Security Council adopted Resolution 598 — as a deadline for Tehran to accept the world body's call for a truce and negotiations to end the conflict.

But Prince Saud told reporters on Sunday that the Arab foreign ministers decided to allow current summit reflected the group's poli-

decide on such a move. to take their course.

Resolution 598, calling for an immediate ceasefire by both sides, threatened international sanctions in the event of noncompliance.

The United States is now press-ng at the United Nations for the 15-nation Security Council to impose an arms embargo on Iran. This follows an abortive peace mission to Iran and Iraq by U.N.

Secretary General Javier Perez de Cuellar last week. Diplomatic sources in the Gulf said the Arab League ministers decision to put the question of

the war. Tehran says Iraq was at Iranian President Ali Khamenei is expected to spell out

The same sources noted that

Iran has not rejected outright the U.N. proposal, but has indicated it could abide by an undeclared

ceasefire while an independent

body met to fix blame for starting

Iran's position when he addresses the U.N. General Assembly on Tuesday. Mr. Perez de Cuellar said

Saturday he did not receive hoped-for clarifications of Iran's

(Continued on page 3)

Gulf war should be stopped, not contained, Regent tells Kuranari

AMMAN (J.T.) — His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan. the Regent, said on Sunday he feared foreign fleets in the Gulf might be diverted from their original purpose and the international community should halt, not merely contain, the Iran-Iraq

The Regent told visiting Japanese Foreign Minister Tadashi Kuranari that U.N. Security Council Resolution 598, which demanded an immediate ceasefire, should be the basis for ending the seven-year conflict.

"We fear the diversion of the international presence in the Gulf from its original purpose," said the Regent, quoted by the Jordan News Agency, Petra.

"International efforts should focus on stopping the war, not just on containing it, and should deal with the roots of the conflict, not just the effects it has produced," the Regent said.

On the Arab-Israeli conflict. the Regent said an international peace conference remains the Iranian gunboat attacks Saudi

Iranian gunboat attacked a Saudi-

flagged tanker sailing out of the

Gulf early Sunday, shipping sources said. The attack came

one day after Iraq and Iran ham-

mered each other with air raids

The attack in the Strait of

Hormuz at 1:30 a.m. Sunday

(2130 GMT Saturday) was in

apparent retaliation for an Iraqi

air strike on a ship at the Iranian

oil terminal of Lavan on Friday

Gulf shipping sources quoted

by news agencies said the gun-

boat fired at the 39.115-tonne

Petroship B in the Strait of Hor-

muz, hitting crew quarters but

causing no casualties and only

help and continued on its way

towards Jeddah in the Red Sea

with a load of oil products.

tanker on charter to Iran.

The ship shrugged off offers of

The attack followed several

days of heavy Iragi air strikes on

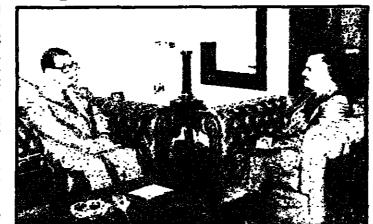
Iranian oil installations, and a

confirmed hit on a Cypriot-flag

Iraqi jets attacked the Azafeh

minor damage.

and artillery attacks.



His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan, the Regent, meets with Japanese Foreign Minister Tadashi Kuranari on Sunday (Petra photo)

hensive peace in the Middle East violence and tension that has plagued the region since the

Prince Hassan said Jordan, under the leadership of His Majesty King Hussein, had been most ideal formula for the estab- exerting extensive efforts in the

BAHRAIN (Agencies) — An Saturday and on Friday hit the kilometres into the 175-kilometre

Lavan oil terminal, some 800

kilometres from Iraq's southern

attacks and retaliation," pre-

dicted one shipping source after

ited Nations Security Council stu-died U.N. Secretary General Javier Perez de Cuellar's report

on his peace mission to Tehran

Iranian Foreign Minister Ali Velayati met Mr. Perez de Cuel-

lar on Saturday, but the U.N.

chief said afterwards "he had

nothing new to convey to me."

ceasefire be linked to a proclama-

tion that Iraq is responsible for the war. But it has said it would

accept an 'undeclared cessation

of hostilities" while an indepen-

Iraq demands a complete and

The attack on the Petroship

occurred 25 kilometres off the

United Arab Emirates state of

dent probe assessed guilt.

unconditional ceasefire.

Iran demands that an official

the latest Iranian strike.

and Baghdad.

There are going to be more

The flare-up came as the Un-

tanker in Strait of Hormuz

border.

lishment of a just and compre- Arab and international arenas for convening the proposed conference and the King's endeavours in this respect had received support and backing from most

Strait of Hormuz.

world governments. Prince Hassan briefed the Japanese minister on stable and (Continued on page 3)

It was the second attack on a

tanker owned by the Saudi firm. On May 1, 1986, Iranian helicop-

ters fired two missiles into the

tanker Al Safaniya off the Saudi

coast, killing the British captain

A report by the British Broad-

casting Corporation said the Pet-

roship B was attacked twice, first

by a small Iranian warship and an

hour later by Revolutionary

Other sources, asking not to be

named, told AP the ship was

attacked only once, but had been

subjected earlier to a radio inter-

rogation by an Iranian naval

Several Iranian ships, including

a supply vessel calling itself a

"Man O' War" recently have

stepped up their harassment of

ships plying the narrow strait,

News Agency IRNA said the

Iranian navy had intercepted four

ships suspected of carrying war-

Iran's official Islamic Republic

U.S. naval officers say.

Guards in a speedboat.

and two Pakistani crewmen.

differences remain despite meetings with Iraqi president

WASHINGTON (AP) — Syrian President Hafez Al Assad met secretly in April with Iraqi President Saddam Hussein, Mr. Assad told the Washington Post in an interview published Sunday.

Despite the meeting, however, no progress was made in ending the decade-old conflict between the two countries, Mr. Assad said. Syria backs Iran in the seven-year-old Iran-Iraq war.

"We have met more than once...," Mr. Assad said in the interview, "but our points of view are not the same on many subjects, and so we remained where we were. "I didn't say it produced much

or little. I only said that each had his own view on Arab and international matters.

Mr. Assad, 56, met Saturday with Katharine Graham, chairwoman of the board of the Washington Post Co., and reporters for the Post and Newsweek magazine, which is owned by the Washington Post Co.

Mr. Assad, speaking through his interpreter, also confirmed that Syria had closed the Damascus office of Abu Nidal's Palestinian guerrilla group but denied that pressure from the United States and Europe influenced the action.

"It is wrong to portray the action taken with regard to the presence of the Abu Nidal group as if it were taken under the influence of a foreign power, because the actions taken were for reasons belonging to us in Syria," he said.

Mr. Assad said his country would also try to help free more foreign hostages held in Lebanon. Syria was credited with help-ing win the recent release of U.S. journalist Charles Glass.

Mr. Assad said he welcomed recent decisions by the administration of U.S. President Ronald

Reagan to lift sanctions against Syria that were imposed because of its alleged support of "ter-

Assad says Israeli police shoot and wound **Arab outside Damascus Gate** OCCUPIED JERUSALEM lah in the Israeli-occupied West

(Agencies) - An Israeli border Bank. policeman Sunday shot and wounded a Palestinian outside Damascus Gate near Jerusalem's Old City.

The victim, Fawaz Gulani,

sustained moderate wounds in the shooting incident and was hospitalised. Eyewitnesses quoted by AP

said the shooting followed an

argument between groups of Israeli policemen and Palestinians. Israeli spokesman Rafi Levy

said during the argument Mr.
Gulani tried to grab a gun from
the hands of one of the policemen and the policeman opened fire. Policemen were posted near months ago after a series of knifing incidents in which one Jewish

religious seminary student was killed and several other Jews wounded. Earlier Sunday, a bomb exploded outside an Israeli school in Jerusalem but caused no damage or injuries, an Israeli

spokesman said. A hand grenade was hurled at an army patrol on Saturday near Birzeit University outside Ramal- official.

The grenade missed its target,

exploding without causing injury or damage, an army spokesman Israeli soldiers searched the

area late into the night but there were no immediate reports of arrests, she said. It was the third grenade attack on Israeli military targets in the area this month, she

Protests continue

Dozens of Palestinian demonstrators clashed with Israeli soldiers at the Balata refugee camp near the West Bank city of Nabthe Damascus Gate several lus, and three people were wounded, an army official said

The clashes occurred when Israeli soldiers tried to disperse the demonstrators who threw stones and burned tyres and Israeli flags, said the official.

One demonstrator was hit by a stone, another was hurt after jumping from a building and a third was injured in a fistfight

with soldiers, according to the

The three were arrested and taken to an area hospital, the official said.

It was the fifth straight day of clashes in the occupied West Bank in the wake of the fifth anniversary last week of the massacre of hundreds of Palestinians in Beirut's Sabra and Shatila refugee camps by Israeli-allied mili-

In another incident, an Israeli was injured lightly when an assailant attacked him with an iron bar in Nablus, the army official said.

Palestinian leaders meanwhile urged the Arab countries to protect Palestinian universities in the occupied Arab territories from closure or attack by Israel.

The executive committee of the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO), ending a four-day meeting in Baghdad, also said in a statement on Saturday that the Palestinian universities and other establishments were in need of

financial support. It said the executive committee had reviewed the situation of Palestinians in occupied Arab territories and their "heroic steadfastness and struggle against Zionist enemy.

Unknown group demands release of RJ hijack suspect

BEIRUT (Agencies) — An anonymous caller warned on Sunday that a previously unknown group, Al Hussein Brigade, will attack American embassies in Mediterranean countries if a suspected Lebanese hijacker was not

released within a few days. The threat was made in a teleph. e call to the Voice of Lebanon radio station, which is run by the right-wing Falange Party and based in east Beirut.

"The United States must be aware of the consequences of Fawaz Younis' detention," the radio quoted the caller as saying. The Federal Bureau of Inves-

tigation (FDI) arrested Younis last week after luring him aboard a yacht in the Mediterranean. He boarded the boat after being promised a large amount of drugs which he could then sell. Women agents were aboard the FBIrented yacht to simulate a party atmosphere.

Younis is accused of hijacking Royal Jordanian (RJ) airliner in Beirut on June 11, 1985, and blowing up the aircraft after freeing all passengers and crew. He pleaded innocent when he appeared before a U.S. magistrate in Washington on Thursday. "The retaliation will be inside

the United States, and not a single American embassy along the Mediterranean will survive if Fawaz is not freed within a few days," the caller told the radio. He then hung up. There was no way to authenti-

cate the call.

Lebanese Justice Minister Nabih Berri has denounced Younis' arrest as an "act close to piracy against international laws." Mr. Berri, who heads the mainstream Shi'ite Amal militia. said Friday the arrest was "an aggression against the dignity of

Mr. Berri did not refute the charges, but said Amal had saved the 60 passengers of the RJ airlin-

er and allowed its kidnapped Jordanian sky marshals to return

"We consider what happened (the arrest) as an aggression against the dignity of Lebanon," Mr. Berri told reporters. "Washington is trying to restore its lost esteem by committing an act of piracy." The charge says Younis and his

co-conspirators boarded the plane armed with AK-47 assault rifles and that one of the conspirators assaulted a crew member and demanded to be told the identity of any Jordanian sky marshals who were on board the aircraft.

The hijackers "repeatedly assaulted and beat several Jordanian sky marshals who were discovered on board the aircraft" during the two-day odyssey, the charge says. Gunmen hijacked the jetliner

s passengers were boarding for the flight from Beirut to Amman. The hijackers demanded that Palestinians be removed from Beirut and sent to Tunisia. Following a flight around the



Mediterranean in which the hijacked plane was turned away from several airports, it returned to Beirut on June 12, 1985, and the gunmen freed five passengers there. They threatened to kill the others one by one if their demands were not met.

The hijackers blew up the plane and escaped into the Amalcontrolled suburbs near the airport after releasing the remaining passengers and nine crew mem-

related cargo bound for Iraq. pumping station near Tehran on Ras Al Khaimah, eight U.S. sees even chances for strategic arms pact no plans to slow SDI, the centrehelp strategic arms reduction

WASHINGT IN (Agencies) — Top U.S. officials said on Sunday there was an even chance the United States and the Soviet Union would agree to reduce longrange strategic nuclear weapons before President Ronald Reagan leaves office in 1989.

"I think there's a 50-50 chance," Senator Sam Nunn, the powerful chairman of the Senate Armed Services Committee, said in a television interview. Mr. Reagan's National Secur-

ity Adviser Frank Carlucci, on the same programme, said he shared Mr. Nunn's view. "It's going to require a lot of work," he said, but noted some

progress was made on strategic missiles during three days of talks

last week between Secretary of State George Shultz and Soviet Foreign Minister Eduard Shevardnadze.

"We agreed to intensify the effort," he added.

The talks last week resulted in agreement in principle to sign a treaty abolishing superpower intermediate-range nuclear forces

On the same day the agreement was announced, the Pentagon unveiled plans to speed up research into Mr. Reagan's strategic defence initiative (SDI). also known as "Star Wars." Soviet Foreign Ministry

spokesman Gennady Gerasimov

said on Sunday's television prog-ramme that such action would not

treaty talks (START). He repeated the Soviet offer to have U.S. and Soviet defence ministers meet to discuss arms control and said: "Eye contact is

very useful here." Mr. Reagan said on Saturday he expected to sign an INF treaty this year at a summit with Soviet leader Mikhail Gorbachev and expressed optimism for progress

But he pledged not to scrap SDI, fiercely opposed by Moscow and a major sucking point to a strategic arms pact. Mr. Carlucci said the SDI tests

referred to by the Pentagon on

Friday were long-scheduled and

he insisted the administration had

on strategic arms.

policy.
"We intend to develop it as rapidly as we can and deploy it when it is ready," he said. "Until we negotiate a strategic arms agreement there's absolute-

piece of Mr. Reagan's defence

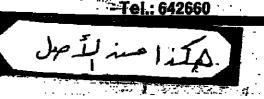
ly no reason why we shouldn't proceed with the tests and even after we negotiate one, it is still our intention to go forward with the SDI programme," Mr. Carlucci added. Mr. Shultz has said he will focus on strategic arms when he

meets Mr. Shevardnadze in Moscow next month to finalise INF Lebanon." documents and discuss a summit between Mr. Reagan and Mr.

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Lebanese magazine reports | Priest package deal on hostages

BEIRUT, Lebanon (AP) — Backstage negotiations are under way to conclude a package deal for the release of all foreign hostages held in Lebanon, especially the American and French captives, the Beirut magazine Ash Shiraa reported Sunday.

hostage Rudolf Cordes will be released before the end of September and the other 22 foreign captives will be freed later.

Ash Shiraa, which was the first to disclose the secret U.S. arms sales to Iran last November, quoted an unnamed "highly informed source" as saving considerable progress has been made in efforts to free Mr. Waite.

"Something positive is expected so that he will be freed this, kidnapped on Jan. 17 as he drove month ... as part of a deal under which the kidnappers will receive \$5 million." Ash Shiraa said.

It said Anglican Church Envoy
Terry Waite and West German

emissary of the Archbishop of
Canterbury Robert Runcie, disappeared last Jan. 20 after leaving a hotel in mainly Muslim west Beirut for talks with kidnappers holding American hostages.

> "The Waite deal was to be concluded last month, but sudden snags appeared." Ash Shiraa "Renewed negotiations have now accomplished wide strides to free the Anglican Church envoy.

Cordes, 53, a businessman, was into Beirut from the airport. He had just flown in from Frankfurt. Backstage negotiations are under way with the kidnappers have not been disclosed.

hostages, especially the American and French," the weekly magazine said. It did not say who was involved in the bargaining.

Ach Shiraa's publisher and editor, Hassan Sabra, is known to have close ties with ranking Iranian officials. The kidnappers in Lebanon are Shi'ite Muslim fundamentalists who are backed by

Mr. Sabra, 38, is currently recovering from wounds he sustained Monday in an attempt on his life. His reporting on internal Iranian affairs and the plight of hostages in Lebanon had won him many enemies among hardline militants.

In addition to Mr. Waite and Cordes, the hostages include Americans, six Frenchmen, two Britons, an Irishman, an Indian, an Italian, a South Korean and two men whose identities

Ethiopia shy of donor push for reforms

By Rory Channing Reuter

ADDIS ABABA — Ethiopia is shying away from making economic reforms which could result in it getting substantial foreign aid.

Western diplomats say.

They said the impoverished country would get quick access to nearly half a billion dollars if it made agricultural reforms with which, in principle, it seems to

"They could comfortably get, say. \$400 million over the next four to five years - which is about all they could absorb," said a diplomat in Addis Ababa.

Chiefly, donors want the Marxist-Leninist state to give more incentives to its peasant farmers. Cash incentives to produce more are no longer taboo in several Marxist countries.

Ethiopia, barely recovered from the 1984-85 famine, is trying to head off a new food crisis. The state's Relief and Rehabilitation Commission says it needs 950,000 tonnes of food aid in the coming year and relief workers fear it may need more. Drought in many areas has

eopardised a recovery that had got the economy about where it was before the famine, diplomats add World prices of Ethiopian coffee, buoyant a vear ago, are weak again.

The population, now 46 millions, is growing such that there are 1.3 million new mouths to feed each year. Per capita income is estimated to be a meagre \$128 a

Funds held up by the failure to undertake reforms include \$225 million carmarked under the European Community Lome Convention and \$100 million at issue in negotiations with the World Bank which have dragged on for five years.

Sweden is among other donors willing to help but, like the EC and World Bank, it also urges reform in agriculture - chiefly provision of incentives for the

farmers who, with their families, make up 90 per cent of the population.

But diplomats said a recent policy address by President Men-gistu Haile Mariam was disappointing.

Money, tractors, improved seed and fertiliser will be concentrated on 148 districts that produce surplus crops. More than 2.000 experts and specialised workers are being relieved of other duties to expand farming in these areas.

But Mengistu, a diplomat said, skirted the incentive issue. 'What's being asked of him is to be a progressive socialist what's known as modern socialism. All the other African models, like Mozambique, are in this

Diplomats said government policies, traditional methods of cultivation and low state investment limited agriculture. Insurgencies in heavily-popu-

lated Eritrea and Tigray also drain resources - diplomats say more than 20 per cent of the

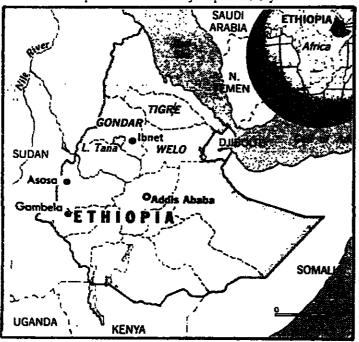
budget for the past fiscal year, of \$2.2 billion, went on defence. Agriculture got 16.4 per cent. The balance of payments is

meanwhile estimated to have been nearly \$50 million in the red in the fiscal year which ended on July 7, after a \$75 million surplus the year before. Diplomats said that although

gross domestic product rose almost 14 per cent in real terms in the fiscal year which ended mid-1986, the last for which figures were released, expansion was from a low level and in fact left GDP only 2.8 per cent up on

This was far below the 7.1 per cent growth in population. Ethiopia has a generally sound reputation in repaying its foreign debts, estimated at \$1.94 billion

Apart from some disputed debts to the United States for military aid dating from the pre-1974 rule of the late Emperor Haile Selassie, it repays promptly, diplomats say.



"Minutes before the explosion at 9:30 p.m. (1830 GMT) on Tuesday, Father Haddad phoned Archbishop Haddad at his office, from the nearby Tell Shiha Hospital, to make certain that he was meeting with Mr. Hobeika and his aides as scheduled," the state-

bomb by a remote control device that was found in the hospital with his fingerprints on it.

Hobeika's militia "confronted Father Haddad with the charge and the evidence, he managed to snatch a pistol from one aide and shot himself to death below the

gineering the bombing that killed one person and wounded 30 others, including the archbishop and Mr. Hobeika.

treatment in Tell Shiha Hospital for injuries he suffered from the

accused of Zahle blast

commits suicide

BEIRUT (AP) - A bomb that wounded the archbishop of Lebanon's Greek Catholic sect and Syrian-backed Christian militia leader Elie Hobeika was placed by a priest who later killed himself, Hobeika's command has

A statement issued by the command in the predominantly Greek Catholic city of Zahle identified the priest as Samih Haddad, 30. It said he committed suicide when confronted with the

It indirectly accused father Haddad, a Greek Catholic, of collaborating with the Lebanese Forces militia, the Falangists' main militia in the 12-year-old civil war against the opposition. Mr. Hobeika, 30, heads a dissident faction of the militia. He set up headquarters in Zahle after he was ousted from the command of the Lebanese Forces militia in January 1986 for signing a Syrianbrokered peace pact with opposition warlords.

The accord was scuttled by his ouster. Christian President Amin Gemayel and present Lebanese Forces militia Commander Samir Geagea, who teamed up to over-throw Mr. Hobeika, had since been at loggerheads with the Sy-

Syria maintains 25,000 troops in eastern and northern Lebanon under a 1976 Arab League mandate to smother the Lebanese civil war. It also has a 7,500strong contingent in Beirut's mainly Muslim sector.

The statement said Fr. Haddad, who was in charge of admi-nistrative affairs of the archbisopric, placed the 20-kilogramme (44-pound) bomb in the brick ceiling of Archbishop Andre Haddad's office Tuesday.

Despite the similarity in names, there was no indication that the two Haddads are related.

It said the priest detonated the When investigators from Mr.

For its part, the archbishopric also issued a separate statement accusing Father Haddad of en-

Sharon said the cabinet deci-The archbishop is still under

Journalists direct own battles from 'war rooms' CBS. Mine stories are now co-

overlooking the Gulf, ship and aircraft VHF radios are monivered by aircraft. tored, convoys plotted, and heliby different news teams - cost copters despatched at the moment of disaster.

The journalists who work here call it "the bunker." Newsmen in boats from Kuwait

to the Gulf of Oman have sailed through minefields, brushed an American frigate, got lost, run out of fuel, and rammed a tanker. While risks in the Gulf pale in comparison to those of Beirut or

Television reporters and photographers have to go close in to get their shots.

other war zones, the dangers are

real and logistics of coverage

A freelance cameraman who was on a 20-metre boat off the United Arab Emirates (UAE) after mine footage said he was very nervous.'

"Hit a mine and that means goodbye — matchsticks," said the

Israeli MP proposes to enforce S. Africa

TEL AVIV (AP) - A legislator demanded Sunday that recently adopted Israeli sanctions against South Africa be enshrined in law to guarantee that the government adheres to its own decision.

sanctions

Legislator Yossi Sarid said he submitted such a proposal to par-liament because Trade and Industry Minister Ariel Sharon, responsible for enforcing the bulk of the sanctions, is a vehement opponent of the measures. "Without such a law, the gov-

ernment's decision would be meaningless," Sarid of the left-wing Citizens Rights Movement said in a telephone interview.

Sharon told Israel Radio sun-

day that "in the cynical world of today, Israel should not become a spearhead that looks sometimes like a spearhead of fools."

On Wednesday, Israel's coalition government adopted 10 sanctions against South Africa. The cabinet banned new in-

vestments and government loans; barred the use of Israel as a transit for sanction-busting third, countries; froze the quota of iron and steel imports; banned the import of oil and Krugerrand gold coins; ruled out new scien-tific agreements; prohibited civil servants from visiting South Africa without cabinet approval: and will reduce sporting contacts.

General Yossi Beilin said Saturday the sanctions were mainly symbolic and would not seriously hurt the annual \$240 million trade between the two countries

sion was a "mistake, because Israel turns into a country that leads in the struggle against South Africa. These decisions cause Israel a beavydamage."

cameraman on assignment for convoy off Bahrain, Sadicr had a

Helicopters - usually shared up to \$2,000 per hour. They are used as many as nine hours a day,

But Sadler also remembers the and on off-days cost as much as huddle close by on a particularly tone of \$500,000 for it's Gulf

It is common for Iranian gun-Local speedboat captains racboats to fire flares as news heliing to pick up television tapes copters approach. On one occafrom offshore vessels get from sion, an ABC helicopter was chased off with automatic This is the toughest logistical story for us in the last decade,"

"We didn't have the feeling said Brent Sadler of Britain's Independent Television News (TTN). He has spent weeks on a As long as the costs remain

financial and not human, only the accountants seem to mind. But stories of mishaps are accumu-In a boat chasing an American

run in with the U.S. Mar-

The captain of the frigate Hawes, trying to scare the journalists away, lost several feet of what competitors call "the antenna when he scraped the AWACS plane" — a twin otter journalists' smaller boat.

nervous night.

weapons fire.

they were firing directly at the helicopter," said ABC producer David Allen. "If they wanted to shoot it down, they could have." Photographer David Mills was

on a small boat when it rammed the side of a tanker, about four metres from the churning prop-

boat," said Mills, who was shoot 1 1 1 1 1

ing pictures for Newsweek.
The NBC operation includes specially rigged with radar to scan (1431) the Gulf.

time the U.S. helicopter carrier
Guadalcanal agreed to let his boat
so sending information from an craft over VHF radio is a secre tive business. ITN, for instance use two books, applying codes hased on corresponding page numbers.

But despite the sophisticaled equipment and codes, mistakes happen.

On at least one occasion, a news helicopter was using a diffe. rent frequency than the warshin trying to warn it away. "In this war, it's really easy to

get wiped out," said Mike Nelson, a photographer for Agence France Press. He added: "And if we get shor

down, it'll just be another story."

local time (2330 GMT Saturday)

at the end of the 18-ship south-

They were expected in Suez

Italy's Gulf naval force transits Suez Canal entered the canal around 0130 canal authorities that the mines-

SUEZ (AP) — An Italian navy task force of three frigates and a supply ship entered the Suez Canal Sunday on their way to the Gulf, while three Italian minesweepers and a rescue ship delayed their passage.

\$2,500 in stand-by fees.

helicopter operations.

1.000 to \$1,500 a run.

boat combing the Gulf.

CBS recently crossed the miles-

Suez Canal officials in Suez, at the southern tip of the canal, said the eight Italian units had arrived at Port Said, the northern end of

condition of anonymity, said the Italian embassy had advised the

the waterway, on Saturday. The officials, who spoke on

Bridgeton repairs due to end by mid-October

The three 502-tonne minesweepers are the Vieste, the Sapri and the Milazzo, all of the Lerici class. The rescue ship is the 3.000-tonne Anteo:

The other units, two Mistral class frigates, the Scirocco and the Grecale, the Wolf class frigate the Persep and the 4,200-tonne supply ship the Vesuvio,

weepers and rescue ship were

delaying their entry for an un-

known period. No reason was given for the delay.

The Italian government has said the ships are on a minesweeping mission to protect shipping and Italy's petroleum in-

bound convoy.

Sunday afternoon.

erests in the Gulf. Italy is the sixth Western course. try to decide to send military vessels to the Gulf area after the

United States, France, Britain The Netherlands and Belgium.

Iran has attacked Kuwaiti ship

ping in response to Iraqi strikes

on its own vessels because the

Emirate supports Iraq in the war.

reflagged with the Stars and Stripes to get U.S. naval protect DUBAI (R) - Repairs to the Holed 18 miles off Iran's Farsi Island on July 24, the Bridgeton entered the drydock on Sept. 14,

and the sources said repairs to the

hull would take roughly 27 days.

The 401,382-tonne supertanker

is one of eleven Kuwaiti vessels

supertanker Bridgeton, hit by a mine on the first U.S. escort mission through the Gulf, should be completed by mid-October, Dubai drydock sources said on

Emirate Airline crew held in gold case KARACHI (R) — Pakistani customs authorities said on Sunday they had arrested a pilot and a

first officer of Dubai's Emirates Airline after seizing gold bars weighing 3.25 kilogrammes from them at Karachi airport. A statement said they were

airline uniforms although not on

arrested on Saturday on arrival from Dubai. They were wearing

sengers.
The customs statement said:

also investigating the recovery of 8.5 kilogrammes of gold from a

Customs authorities have set up a team to investigate other pagencies at Karachi Airport in case they are involved in gold and

from Pakistan.

Khomeini's wife hurt in Mecca riots — report The Observer said the proces-

LONDON (R) — The wife of Iranian leader Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeini was among those injured in July's riots in Mecca in which at least 400 people were killed. the Observer newspaper reported Sunday.

The British weekly quoted an Egyptian physician, who it did not identify, as saying he witnessed the arrival of Batoul Khomeini at a hospital in the Saudi Arabian Holy City.

It reported Iranian sources said at the pilgrimage and her injuries Mrs. Khomeini, 62, was leading because they feared it would exthe women's section of the Iranian procession to the Grand Mosque in Mecca when she was struck on the forehead by a stone.

sion was attacked by Saudi onlookers who were angered when some Iranians began chanting anti Saudi slogans.

The newspaper said the Iranian

tween the two countries. Iranian pilgrims held anti-

ban on such activities. Saudi Arabia has said that dur-

ing the demonstrations, 402 people, including 275 Iranians, inp perished in a stampede when when Iranians attacked Saudis and pilgrims of other nationalities outside the Grand Mosque, promp. ting security forces to restore

shot to death by Saudi security. he forces, 5,000 were injured and 200; and arrested.

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The Saudis denied there was All American demonstrations in any shooting.

TV & RADIO

JORDAN TELEVISION Tel: 73011-19 PROGRAMME ONE

Разотавшие гемем 15:55 Cartovas and children program-Alue in WonderLind 27:30 The Wetalettel World of Maga-Arabic series Local cultural debate Mersage from Orian Local programme Programme review News in Arabic Arabic Series . Tourism in Jordan Arab Dectors News Summary in Arabic Close down

PROGRAMME TWO Rue Corner Lapace Fracophone Spott magazine (French)

News in Arabic ... Allo, Allo (Comedy) Mountum Men News in English Love Bout RADIO JORDAN

155 KHz, AM & 99 MHz, FM

.4	partly on \$560 KHz, SW Tel = \$4411-19
87:06	
07:30	
QE:00	Newsdesk Morning Show
16:00	New Summary
10:05	her a Manuta
11:00	Just a Minute
12:00	
12:05	Pop Session
13:00	News Summary
13:05	Pop Session Contd.
14:00	News Bulletin
14:30	Piano Magic
15:00	Concert Hour
16:00	News Summary
16:05	Instrumentals
16:38	
=====	Old Favourites
	· · · Now Music
	Pop Session
18:05	News Summary
10:00	Sports Roundup
	Music
	News Desk
19-30	Date with a Star
20,00	Evening Show News Summary
21:00	· · · · · · · · · · · News Summary
21:65	Evening Show Contd.

22:00 22:05 23:00 23:05 Evening Show Continued
News Summary Evening Show Continued Close Down

BBC WORLD SERVICE 69, 70t, 1323 KHz

67:00 Newsdesk 07:30 The Battle of Policick's Crossing 07:45 Reflections 07:50 Waveguide 08:00 World News 08:09 24 Hours News Summary 08:30 Nature Notebook 08:45 Recording of the Week 04:00 Newsdesk 09:38 Sex and News 10:00 Week 18:10 10:00 and Society 10:00 World News 18-09 23
Hours: News Summary 10:30 Half-Hour Drama: Persuasion 11:00 World News 11:00 Reflections 11:15 The Battle of Poliock Scressing 12:00 World News 12:09 British Press Review 12:15 Gord Rocks 12:45 British Press Review 12:15 Gord Rocks 12:45 British Press Review 12:15 Good Books 12:45 Peebles' Choice 13:00 News Summary; Sex and Society 13:30 The Vintage Chart Show 14:00 World News 14:09 News About Britain 14:15 Persona Grata 14:30 Album Time 15:00 Radio Newsreel 15:15 My Murs: 15:45 Secry, Daniel in 16:46 Time 15:00 Radio Newsreel 15:15 My Music 15:45 Sports Round-up 16:00 World News 16:09 23 Hours: News Summary 16:30 The Savoy Operas 17:00 News Summary: Outlook 17:45 The Man of Property 18:00 Radio Newsreel 18:15 Sex and Society 18:45 Music for a While 19:00 World News 19:00 Commentary 19:15 The Tradition Bearers 19:30 Jazz Guitarisis 20:15 The Conch Out 20:30 New libras 20:40 Book Choice 20:50 Sports Round-up 21:00 News Summary; Outlook 22:39 Stock Market Report 22:45 Peebles' Choice 24:00 News Summary; Peebles' Choice 24:00 News Summary: Network UK 00:15 The Tradition

Bearers 01:30 Financial News 02:15 Three Wishes 02:30 Financial News VOICE OF AMERICA

MW 1260 & SW 7200, 9565, 11740, 11925 and 15210 Hz 05:00 News 05:10 Newsline 05:30 VOA Morning 06:00 News 06:10 Newsline 06:30 VOA Morning 07:00 News 07:10 Newsline 07:30 VOA Morning 06:00 News 08:10 Newsline 06:30 VOA Morning 17:00 News 17:10 Newsline 17:30 Music USA 18:00 News 18:10 Focus 18:20 Special English News & Fecures 19:00 News 19:10 Newsline 19:30 Magazine Show 20:00 News 19:30 Magazine Show 20:00 News 20:10 Focus 20:30 Special English News & Features 21:00 News 21:10 Newsline America 21:20 Music USA 22:00 News & Editorial 22:15 Music USA Jazz 23:00 News 23:10 World

TODAY'S EVENTS

EXHIBITIONS

A painting exhibition by Bassam Mafadlah at the Housing Bank Gal-

FEATURE FILM

VIDEO

..... 641520 636147/8 American Centre library 6370009 panish Cultural Centre Turkish Cultural Centre 624049 Haya Arts Centre
Hussein Youth City
Y.W.C.A. 665195 667181/6 . 641793 Y.W.M.A. 664251 Amman Municipal Library 637111

Univ. of Jordan Library 843555

MUSEUMS

"Children's Heritage and Science Museum" Fun and knowledge for all ages, plus a small planetarium at the Haya Arts Centre. Open all week 9:00 a.m. - 1:00 p.m. and 3:30 p.m. - 6:00 p.m. Closed on Friday. Folklore Museum: Jeweiry and cos-tumes over i00 years old. Also mosaics from Madaba and Jerash (4th to 18th

* An exhibition by Mustafa Sha'aban at the French Cultural Centre (until Sept. 24).

* Islamic art exhibition by Egyptian artist Sa'nd Abdul Halim at the Royal

"A poster exhibition entitled "William Shakespeare: his life and time" at the British Council (until Sept. 24).

"North by Northwest" at 7:00 p.m. at

* "La France vue par les Europeens" at 4:00 p.m. at the French Cultural Centre. **CULTURAL CENTRES**

WHAT'S GOING ON

centuries). The Roman Theatre, Amman. Opening hours: 9.00 a.m.-5 p.m. Year-round. Tel. 651760. Jerdan Archaeological Museum: Has an excellent collection of the anti-quities of Jordan. Jabal Al Qal'a (Citadel Hill). Opening hours: 9.00 a.m.-5.00 p.m. (Fridays and official holidays 10.00 a.m. to 4.00 p.m.). bolidays 10.00 a.m. to 4.00 p.m.). Closed Tuesdays. Martyrs' Memorial (Military Museum): Collection of military memorabila dating from the Arab Revolt of 1916. Sports City. Amman. Opening hours 9.00 a.m.-4.00 p.m. Closed Saturdays. Tel. 664240.

SERVICE CLUBS

The Amman Lions Club. Meetings every first and third Wednesday at the Regency Palace Hotel, 7:30 p.m. Lions Philadelphia Club. Meetings every second and fourth Wednesday at the Ammon Hotel, 7:30 p.m. the Ammon Hotel, 7:30 p.m.
Philadelphia Rotary Club. Meetings
every Wednesday at the Holiday Inn, 1:30 p.m.
Rotary Clab. Meetings every Tuesday at the Intercontinental Hotel, 2.00

p.m. Royal Automobile Club. Jabal Am-man. Eighth Circle. Tel. 816534, 817534. CHURCHES

St. Joseph Church (Roman Catholic) Jabal Amman, Tel. 624590. Church of the Amusciation (Roman Catholic) Jabal Luweibdeh, Tel. 637440.

De le Salle Church (Roman Catholic)
Jabal Hussein, Tel. 661757.

Terrasanta Cherch (Roman Catholic),
Jabal Luweibdeh, mass in Italian language, meet every Sanurday at 5:30
p.m. Tel: 622366
Church of the Amanaciation (Greek
Orthodox) Abdali, Tel. 623541.

Anglican Church (Church of the Redeemer) Jabal Amanan, Tel. 625383.

Armenian Catholic Church Ashrafich,
Tel. 771331. Tel. 771331. Armenian Orthodox Church Ashrafieh. Tel. 775261. St. Ephraim Church (Syrian Orthodox) Ashrafieh, Tel. 771751.

Amman International Church (Interdenominational): meets at Southern Baptist School in Shmeisani, Tel.

6/73-9.
Evangelical Lutheran Church, Amman, Arabic Service: Sunday 7:00 p.m.
Rainbow Congregation, English Service: Saturday 6:30 p.m. Rev. N. Smir, Tel. 811295.

FOR THE TRAVELLER QUEEN ALIA INTERNATIONAL

This information is supplied by Royal Jordanian (RJ) information depart-ment at the Queen Alia International Airport Tel. (08) 53200-5, where it should always be verified.

AIRPORT

arrivals Royal Jordanian Flights Cairo (RJ) Lamaca (RJ) . Damascus (RJ) 10:30 10:30 11:00 11:15 Abu Dhabi, Bahrain (RJ) 17:30 18:35 18:40 19:00 19:10 New York, Vienna (RJ) . Casablanca, Tunis (RJ

OTHER FLIGHTS (Terminal 2)

Sanz'a (LH)
Baghdad (IA)
Cairo (MS)
Abu Dhabi, Bahrain (GF)
Kuwait (KU)
Istanbul, Ankara (TK)
Beinut (ME) 10:20 12:00 13:20 13:20 14:35 15:30 17:25

DEPARTURES ROYAL JORDANIAN FLIGHTS

.... Amsterdam, New York (RJ) 12-30 Athens (RJ) Vienna, Chicago, Los Angeles (RJ) 12:45 13:38 20:39 Kuwait (RJ) Abu Dhabi, Dubai (RJ) Bahrain, Doka (RJ) 20:45 20:50 20:55 21:00 22:30 01:00 02:30 Abu Dhabi, Dubai (R.)
Bucharest (R.) ... Cairo (RJ)

OTHER FLIGHTS (Terminal 2) Cairo, London (BA) Frankfurt (LH) Baghdad (IA) Cairo (MS) 97:00 11:10

14:65

..... Ankara, Istanbul (TK)
Paris (AF)

PRAYER TIMES 05:87 06:25(Suurise) Duha 12:29 15.55

MONEY EXCHANGE

Local self-buy rates in fils an lira .. Swiss franc 227.7/ 230.5 U.K. sterling pound 564.2/ U.S. dollar 340.7/ W. German mark 188.5/ 571 344

WEATHER

Bulletin supplied by the Department of Meteotology. it will be normal summery, with northwesterly moderate winds. In Anaba, winds will be northerly moderate and calm sea.

Min./max. temp. 17 / 31 Jordan Valley Yesterday's high temperatures: Amman 31, Aqaba 37, Humidity readings: Amman 32 per cent, Aqaba 19 per duty, it said. An airline representative confirmed the two men were not on duty but were travelling as pas-

The reason for being in full kit was obviously to hoodwink the customs ... and pass through the crew-checking channel." It said customs officers were

flight arriving from Dufai last

smuggling, customs sources said. and Much gold is smuggled to India at in

Mecca July 31, defying a Saudi Field

The Iranian sources said Mrs. Khomeini suffered cuts and shock, but her injuries were su-

and Saudi governments did not disclose Mrs. Khomeini's presence acerbate the tense relations beorder. Iran claims 320 Iranians were and

USEFUL TELEPHONE NOS.

.. 778393 Civil Defence rescue

HOSPITALS Shmeisani Hospital ... University Hospital ... Al-Muasher Hospital 664171/4 667227/9 The Islamic, Abdali Al-Ahli, Abdali Italian, Al-Muhajreen Al-Bashir, J. Ashrafieh 775111/26 .. 891611/15 ay, Marka en Alia Hospital

Jordan Television . Radio Jordan **77**4111719

Dr. Ali Asa'ad Dr. A. Awadi Dr. Bassam Smadi Dr. Issam Abu Rezq 611784 Firas pharmacy Ferdows pharmacy 787336 623775 Chaled taxi . 639665 . 776100

Dr. Fawwaz Moman

MARKET PRICES

Mallow ... Marrow ... Olive Onion (dry) . 180 / 120 140 / 100 Cabbage Cauliflower Okra .. Oranges ... Pears 200 / 140 230 / 160 Cocombers ... Pepper (hot) . 340 / 280 70 / 40 70 / 40 150 / 100 Pepper (sweet) Plums Potato Grapes (white)
Grapes (black)
Grapefruit
Guava 700 / 600 Pomegranates Raddish 260 / 200 240 / 180 160 / 120 350 / 280 130 / 100 Tomatoes



EMERGENCIES

Hotel complaints
Price complaints
Telephone Information ... Jordan and Middle East calls

Repair service **NIGHT DUTY** AMMAN:

Croi Detrace rescue 65111
Fire headquarters 622090-3
Police rescue 192, 621111, 63777
Police headquarters 639141
Traffic police. 8963901
Electric Power Co. 63633144, 624831
Municipal water complaints 771125/8
Queen Alia Intl. Airport (08)53330/60

Jerusalem taxi Hebron taxi

893433 Nu'ad taxi Al Salah taxi Siyaha taxi 646319 IRBID: ZARQA: Dr. Ziyad Ju'eitem

Jordan pharmacy Jabal Al Abyad 674155

180 / 140 70 / 40 250 / 160 300 / 250 320 / 280 550 / 450 160 / 120 130 / 100 750 / 650 240 / 180 320 / 250 130 / 100 250 / 208 150 / 100 150 / 100



Minister of youth opens new centres in Mafraq, Irbid

Media MAFRAQ (Petra) — Minister of call Youth Eid Dahiyat Sunday sector and inspected work on a sports stadium in Mafraq city.

The first two stages of the project have been completed at the cost of JD 77,000, the minister of concern to the region's youth sector and inspected work on a sports stadium in Mafraq city.

The first two stages of the project have been completed at the cost of JD 77,000, the minister was told and sports activities in the gov-

Entransister opened an exhibition of photographs depicting the life and struggles of the earlier Hashemites and the Great Arab Revolt. The minister also Abbadi, governor of Mafraq, and clubs whose members now stand at 48,000.

ter was told.

In Irbid, the minister opened another JYO building in the pre-sence of Irbid Governor Akram Al Naser and local officials who briefed him on the youth activities in the region.

Haj Hassan urges abidance by labour regulations

Naled Al Haj Hassan stressed that employers of non-Jordanian workers should abide by the labour regulations aimed at orgamsing and controlling the labour

market in the country. The minister was speaking durmg a meeting which he chaired Sonday for ministry officials to evaluate and examine the implementation of the recent measures taken by the ministry to organise the labour market and to ensure that employers and foreign work-

AMMAN (Petra) — Minister of ers do not violate the recent regulations.

These measures, Mr. Haj Hassan added, include continuing search and inspection campaigns to control the labour market and to make available more job opportunities for Jordanian workers. These campaigns will be directed mainly at corporations which violate the labour law and at foreign workers who do not hold valid work permits or work in professions and jobs which are restricted to Jordanians only.



Minister of Communications Muhieddin Al Husseini (left) and the ministry's Under Secretary Abdullah Al Jazi during Sunday meeting

Officials study postal services according to a statement issued

AMMAN (J.T.) - Newlyafter the meeting.

Dr. Al Jazi, who replaced Mr.

Mansour Ibn Tarif in the post as appointed under secretary of the Ministry of Communications Dr. Abdullah Al Jazi Sunday attended a meeting chaired by the under secretary of the Ministry of minister of communications, Mr. Communications, earlier told Al Husseini, to dis-Rai Arabic daily newspaper that would materialise once recommunications. cuss matters related to the improvement of post offices in

The meeting endorsed a work plan for improving mail delivery services in the Kingdom and reviewed a report by a special committee on removing obstacles. that impede post office work,

Madaba schools get workshops

try of Education has completed work on three vocational workshops at the Imaduddin, Umm Waraqah and Hisban schools in he Madaba district, according to Mr. Deeb Al Majali, director of Kingdom. education in the district.

Mr. Majali said that the worksliops, intended to offer vocationat and handicraft training to stu-dents, cost a total of JD 210,000. In addition, the ministry built a

improvement. MADABA (Petra) — The Minis-try of Education has completed girls at the cost of JD 750,000. Mr. Majali said the school is the first of its kind in the district in

the course of implementing the

fifth educational project in the

The minister said that directors

around the Kingdom.

He said that the school has 17 workshops and offers training in commerce, nursing, dress-making and laboratory work and has a library and sports facilities.

CAEU Secretary General Mahdi Al Obeidi Sunday presiding over a meeting of a committee charged

with organising trade flow among Arab countries (Petra pholo)

Arab League official warns against increased trade dependency on West

AMMAN (Petra) — An Arab League organisation based in Amman Sunday criticised the low-level trade exchange among Arab countries and their in-creased trade dependence on industrialised nations.

Mr. Mahdi Al Obeidi, secretary general of the Council of Arab Economic Unity (CAEU) told a meeting that more than two thirds of Arab trade is now conducted with advanced and industrialised nations and that the Arab World's total exports registered a drop from \$14.2 billion in 1981 to \$7.2 billion in 1985.

Inter-Arab trade ranged between five to seven percent of total exports between 1970 and 1985 and eight to 10 per cent of

Arab imports in the same period, Mr. Obeidi said. He noted that the volume is marginal compared to the Arab World's trade with the rest of the world.

Mr. Obeidi, who was addressing the opening session of a committee charged with organising matters of customs and trade among Arab states, referred to a number of outstanding issues impeding trade between Arab countries and underlined the need for boosting inter-Arab trade and economic cooperation.

This is an essential step considering the current world economic recession and its impact on Arab economies, Mr. Obeidi added.

Inter-Arab economic and trade integration, he said, is required now more than any time in the past, he stressed. This integration, he added,

does not come through removing customs fees and few restrictions alone but rather through conducting a comprehensive plan to boost trade in the light of a draft plan that has been prepared by the CAEU and will be discussed by the committee members.

Taking part in the committee meeting are delegates representing Jordan, the United Arab Emirates, Syria, Iraq, Palestine, Libya and South Yemen in addition to the regional offices of the Arab Organisation for Agricultural Development.

Ministry of Energy pursues rationalisation drive

AMMAN (J.T.) - The Ministry of Energy and Mineral Resources Sunday announced that ministry teams were conducting studies aimed at rationalising energy con-sumption by major Jordanian industries to save between JD 3 to years. JD 5 million annually.

he will embark on his new job by mendations emanating from the making tours of post offices study have been adopted. Major industries (companies) concerned, the spokesman said, are of communication in various prothe Jordan Cement Factories, the vinces should submit monthly re-Jordan Phosphate Mines, the Arab Potash, the Jordan Fertilisports on the progress of their work as well as proposals for er Industry, the Jordan Petroleum Refinery, the Jordan Ceramics, the Jordan Lime and Brick and the National Steel Industries as well as the Jordanian

> power generating stations. Last February, the ministry issued a statistical bulletin which showed that Jordan consumed only 1.6 per cent more energy in 1986 than it did in 1985 compared to an average annual increase of 13 per cent between 1974 and 1984. The total consumption of energy in 1986, it said, was the equivalent of 2.846 million tonnes of fuel compared to 2.819 million

The bulletin revealed that Jordan's energy cost in 1986 was 5.9 per cent of the gross national product (GNP), and considerably less than the 13 to 14 per cent average of GNP in previous

The decrease in consumption and the optimisation of energy use came as a result of a ministration of energy. paign which included studies on various industries and public and private transport.

Over the last year, the bulletin said, the ministry carried out public awareness campaigns through the media, urging rationalisation of energy consumption on all levels. It said consumption in the transport sector during 1986 remained at the 1985 levels despite the increase in the number of vehicles from 173,000 in 1985 to 179,000 in 1986.

Energy consumption was reduced also due to rationalisation in household use of energy, according to the bulletin. It said that there was an increase in the use of solar energy for water heating from 20,000 households in 1985 to 50,000 in 1986 causing a decline in the consumption of

Jordan to attend WHO meeting in Baghdad

AMMAN (Petra) — Jordan will take part in a three-day meeting of the East Mediterranean regional committee due to open in Baghdad on Oct. 3 to discuss ways of ensuring health care for all citizens in the region by the year 2000. The statement and bline st A Health Ministry spokesman

said the meeting, which will be sponsored by the World Health Organisation (WHO) will discuss setting up a health education programme for schools in the East Mediterranean region, developing medical procedures involving the transfusion of blood and preserving it, ways of stemming diarrhoea which causes a high mortality rate among children and other health programmes for the 1987/88 period.

The meeting, he added, will also discuss a report on the spread of Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome (AIDS) in the countries of the region. The WHO has reported that at least 108 AIDS cases had been reported in these countries in the past year, the spokesman said. He said that Health Minister Zaid Hamzeh will represent Jordan at the meeting

Middle East News Agency

(MENA) quoted Mr. Mubarak

telling reporters as news of the

you for the good of the Arab people," Mr. Mubarak said.

the Arab League since 1979 be-

cause of its treaty with Israel.

Alluding to Arab policy on the Iran-Iraq war, Mr. Mubarak said

he saw "a prevalent state of

to threats facing the Arab Na-

tion," he added but did not

"By majority, we can stand up

division and fragmentation."

elaborate.

Egypt has been excluded from

"We are ready to keep up with

league summit broke.

Japan to assist development plan for occupied territories

By Nermeen Murad Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN — Japan indicated on Sunday it would give assistance to Jordan's five-year development programme for the occupied West Bank and Gaza in addition to Tokyo's financial and technical assistance programmes to the Kingdom.

briefing journalists at a news con- area. ference on talks Foreign Minister Tadashi Kuranari held in Amman on Sunday, said Tokyo had not yet decided on "the form and amount" of such assistance which has to be approved by the Japanese parlia-

talks with His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan, the Regent, Prime Minister Zaid Rifai, Acting Foreign Minister Marwan Dudin and others covered Jordanian-Japanese relations and bilateral cooperation in various

Odano expressed Japan's willingness to assist, fund and implement Jordan's development pro-

Japanese Foreign Ministry irrigation and exploring for spokesman Nobutake Odano, underground water in the Al Jafr

On the political level, Odano said that Japan supports United Nations Security Council Resolution 598 of July 20 calling for an immediate ceasefire in the Iran-Iraq war and called for the implementation of the resolution. Odano said that Tokyo was

Odano said Mr. Kuranari's against any military intervention in the Gulf war. Odano said his country had

appealed to both sides in the war to halt attacks on commercial shipping in the Gulf.

Dodging a question on Iraq's reported rejection of the Japanese appeal, Oduno said Japan was "a very close friend of Iran and Iraq, and one of few (countries) which maintain conjects, especially in the area of tacts with both countries."

He reiterated Japan's longstanding position of not engaging in or assisting military action in world conflicts and cited the Japanese law which bans exports arms to warring countries.

Odano expressed concern over Japanese shipping in Gulf in the context of the Iran-Iraq "tanker war." "The best way for us is to ask both sides to stop" attacking commercial ships, he said.

On Iran's apparent refusal to accept Resolution 598, the Japanese spokesman said his government was awaiting Iranian President Ali Khamenei to make clear Tehran's stand during his speech to the United Nations General Assembly on Tuesday.

Odano dismissed criticism that Japan was "not doing enough" to end the Gulf war. He said that Japan preferred to resort to diplomacy and peaceful means in contributing to resolving military

He said Japan supported Jordan's position vis-a-vis the Arab-Israeli conflict and the Kingdom's call for convening an international peace conference on the Mid-

Khatib recovering after successful bypass surgery

AMMAN (J.T.) — Minister of Culture and Antiquities and Information Mohammad Al Khatib underwent an open-heart (coronary bypass) surgery on Sunday and was reported by his doctors in "very stable and good condition" hours after the operation.

Wife of deputy premier dies

KARAK (J.T.) - Mrs. Hamideh Majali, wife of Mr. Abdul Wahab Al Majali, deputy prime minister and minister of state for prime ministry affairs, was laid to rest on Sunday in a funeral ceremony attended by senior government officials, Jordanian dignitaries

and a large crowd of people.

Mrs. Majali passed away at dawn Sunday, after suffering a

long-time illness. His Maiesty King Hussein deputised Chief Chamberlain Prince Ra'd Ibn Zaid to take part in the burial ceremony and to offer the King's condolences to the Maiali family

His Royal Highness Prince Mohammad, His Majesty's Personal Representative also deputised the director of his office. Mr. Turki Al Khraishah, to condole the Majali family.

Prime Minister Zaid Rifai. together with a number of ministers and other officials took part in the burial ceremony.

Lieutenant-General Daoud Hanania, director of the Royal Medical Services and chief of the Queen Alia Heart Institute, headed the team of cardiologists and nurses that performed the almost three-hour operation.

The chief cardiologist at the heart institute, Dr. Youssef Al Qoussous, told the Jordan Times, Mr. Khatib was expected to leave the intensive care unit for rest in a normal room in two days. Dr. Qoussous said Mr. Khatib

would be able to resume his official duties in two weeks' time from now.



Mohammad Al Khatib

Rawabdeh leaves for Cairo

AMMAN (Petra) - Greater Amman Mayor Abdul Ra'ouf Al Rawabdeh today leaves for Egypt on an official visit at the invitation of Mr. Yousef Sabri Abu Taleb, the mayor of Cairo.

During the visit, Mr. Rawabdeh plans to hold talks with the mayor and other officials on means of bolstering cooperation between the Jordanian and Egyptian capitals in public services

Mr. Rawabdeh said that the talks will also cover the subject of twinning Amman with Cairo and exchanging technical and scientific information and experience between them for the sake of improving public services.

An Egyptian women delega- districts of the capital.

tion is, meanwhile, continuing a visit to Jordan by touring a number of community centres and inspecting social activities. The delegation, representing the social and community centres in Egyptian rural areas, were Sunday received by the Under Secretary of the Ministry of Social Development Dr. Mohammad Al Sugur who briefed the guests on various activities carned out by the ministry.

Dr. Sugur also briefed the visiting team about Jordan's experience in community centres and their operations. The delegation earlier visited Hay Hamlan's community centre and examined its activities and services to the local community in the eastern

Jordan expands housing projects

structure to meet demand for low-cost housing from a population expanding at about 4 per cent a year.

Around \$12.5 million of \$15 million made available in April through a new USAID housing guarantee programme has already been taken up, and offi-

income of JD 250 (\$728) a month can get a 15-year loan up to JD

Of the \$25 million available, half is allocated to individual borrowers and half to private developers, to encourage them to participate in low-cost housing schemes. The Housing Bank signalled increased interest in supporting low-cost housing in November 1986, when it set up a special low-cost housing department. The department handles the USAID programme, urban development projects and Jordan Valley Authority housing pro-

jects. Its job is to increase the availability of mortgages to lowincome families, encourage private-sector development and expand housing programmes in ru-

new sites. It also services estates major donor to the agency. for the poorest 15-40 per cent of

strengthening its administrative month. The 15 per cent of the population earning less than JD 100 a month cannot afford the department's housing, although it hopes to include some small flats that would be within the range of most of this group.

In its first two schemes, the department upgraded five squatter sites and provided 7,300 new units around Amman.

In the third scheme, for which the World Bank has agreed to provide \$26 million of a total of \$93 million, two-thirds of work will be upgrading; the remainder will concentrate on sites and services. The project will be extended to Aqaba, Irbid, Madaba, Zarqa and other towns as re-

Prices for new housing units range from about JD 2,000-5,000; buyers can get loans from the Housing Bank both for purchase and unit expansion. Urban Development Department buyers have also benefitted from the USAID programme. Of 2,155 loans granted under the programme by the end of April, 655 were for department beneficiaries.

The second major public housing institution is the Housing Corporation, which caters to buyers with incomes in the JD 200-250 a month range.

In the 1980-85 plan, the corporation built an average of 1,020 units a year. The current plan (1986-90) originally envisaged a total of 12,990 units, an average of 2,598 a year. However, this included completion of the 3,698unit Abu Nuseir estate and construction of a 2,000-home estate for Queen Alia International airport employees. The corporation ran into major problems with the Abu Nuseir estate: rising costs pushed units beyond the range of the low-income buyers for whom

they were designed. The corporation has now postponed the airport housing scheme and is to concentrate on smaller, more manageable projects coun-

The success of the Urban Development Department's approach has been generally acknowledge 1, but it does face financial and administrative problems. The estimated annual need for 7,000 low-cost units can only be met if private developers are attracted to the market.

needed during the plan period. only 10,000 were built. Almost 40 per cent of Amman's population live four or more to a room. The 1986-90 plan includes va-

rious measures to ease the situation, including more government finance to strengthen the Housing Bank and Housing Corporation. materials, and the introduction of designs that match cost against

The key remains the volume of clude classifying low-income housing projects by the private sector, so that they can benefit from legislation encouraging investment, and easing regulations

Legislation is also needed to ensure the recovery of private investment in low-income housing, and to provide guarantees for such schemes. Private-sector interest is likely to remain weak without such guarantees, leaving the bulk of low-income housing

Middle East Economic Digest.

to reduce costs.

NEWS IN BRIEF

GUVS president receives Egyptian delegation

AMMAN (Petra) — President of the General Union of Voluntary Societies (GUVS), Dr. Abdullah Al Khatib Saturday received a delegation representing voluntary organisations in Egypt currently on a visit to Jordan.. Dr. Khatib briefed the delegation on the voluntary activities in Jordan and achievements made in this field as well as support and services which the GUVS extends to charitable societies especially those in the occupied Arab territories. The two sides also discussed cooperation between voluntary bodies in Jordan and Egypt.

German press delegation visits Aqaba

AQABA (Petra) — A West German press delegation Saturday visited the Aqaba Region Authority (ARA) and met with its President Bassam Qaqish. Mr. Qaqish briefed the delegation on the authority's achievements and its development projects. The delegation watched a documentary about Aqaba city and its economic and touristic importance. They also visited the national tourist camp and the Egyptian Pharoah Island.

National products to be displayed

AMMAN (Petra) - The Amman Chamber of Industry announced that it is involved in final arrangements for setting up a permanent exhibition of Jordanian national products. The exhibition, to be created on a 800 sq.m. piece of land, is designed to display national products for the Jordanian public.

UNESCO education session to begin

AMMAN (Petra) - The third working session on the international agreement on higher education in the Arab World will start Monday and will include delegates from Jordan, Algeria, Egypt, traq, Kuwait, Libya, Morocco, Oman, Tunisia, and the United Arab Emirates. The session is organised by the (UNESCO)

Education chief to attend seminar

AMMAN (Petra) - Minister of Education Thougan Hindawi will participate in a seminar on education in the Arab World, due to be held in Bahrain on Oct. 3. The three-day meeting has been organised by the Arab Thought Forum, in cooperation with the Arab League Educational, Scientific, and Cultural Organisation (ALESCO).

Arab summit to be held in Amman on Nov. 8 ment even without Egypt'," the

(Continued from page I)

terms for ending the war in a meeting in New York with Iranian Foreign Minister Ali Akbar

Velayati. A total of 14 foreign ministers attended Sunday's session. Most planned to fly to New York to attend U.N. General Assembly

Farouk Kaddoumi, head of the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) political department, was also present while other league members, including Libya, sent lower-level repre-

(Continued from page 1)

basic principles in Jordan's fore-

ign policies towards various issues

with special focus on the Pales-

tine problem and the conflicts in

At the meeting held at the

Royal Court, Prince Hassan ex-

pressed satisfaction over

Japanese-Jordanian cooperation

and he called for efforts to further

develop bilateral relations and

cooperation in different fields.

bilateral relations and expressed

hope that they would be streng-

thened and expanded to serve the

The meeting was in the pre-

sence of Prime Minister Zaid

Rifai, Court Minister Adnan Abu

Odeh, Acting Foreign Minister Marwan Dudin and a delegation

accompanying Mr. Kuranari on

Earlier, Mr. Kuranari met with

Mr. Rifai in the presence of Mr.

Dudin to discuss Middle East

his visit to Jordan.

peoples of Japan and Jordan.

Mr. Kuranari paid tribute to

the Middle East region.

be held annually but regular sessions have not taken place since 1982 because of differences on a range of issues. Saudi Arabia will host the next regular summit as and when there is an agreement.

There have been a number of special summits with discussion limited to topics agreed in advance. The last was in Casablanca, Morocco, in 1985.

In Cairo, Egyptian President Hosni Mubarak called on Arabs to unite as they headed for the

"I have told the Arabs more than a hundred times: 'Hold a Arab summits are supposed to meeting and come to an agree-

Regent: Gulf war should be stopped, not contained

developments and current efforts for a just and durable peace. Mr. Rifai said there could be no just and permanent peace in the region except through the proposed international conference to be held under the auspices of the United Nations and with the participation of all concerned parties. Mr. Rifai also emphasised the need for the implementation of Resolution 598

Iran-Iraq war. The Japanese minister said that his country supported Jordan's call for an international conference and for an end to the Iran-Iraq war and measures to safeguard free navigation in the Gulf. Japanese Ambassador to Jordan Akira Nakayama and the

which calls for an end to the

Mr. Kuranari was later accompanied by Prince Hassan and Mr. Dudin and the Japanese ambassador on a visit to the Jerash re-

Japanese delegation attended the

fugee camp where they inspected a boys school being constructed through a contribution of \$500,000 from the Japanese government. They also visited a girls school in the camp run by the United Nations Relief and Works Agency (UNRWA). Mr. Kuranari announced his government's contribution for building a new girls school but no figure was

A UNRWA release said the two schools would replace existing dilapidated school premises accommodating some 3,195 boys and girls. UNRWA's Acting Director in Jordan Dennis Brown made a speech on the occasion expressing appreciation to the Japanese government for its generous contributions to UNRWA.

Japan, a member of UN-RWA's Advisory Commission, is

cials say prospects for the expansion of the programme are good. Under an agreement signed in

September 1986, the government can borrow on the U.S. market with a USAID guarantee. The Finance Ministry in April called for the first \$15 million of the \$25 million authorised under the scheme and on-lent the cash to the Housing Bank at about seven per cent annual interest. It was then lent to individual home buyers at 8 per cent interest and to developers at 9.5 per cent. Buyers with a maximum family

ral areas. An increasingly dominant force in the low-cost housing sector is the Urban Development Department. It began work in Amman in 1980 and is expanding countrywide. The department upgrades squatter settlements and provides

AMMAN — The government is the population those with family trywide, although this will bring widening its financial net and incomes between JD 100-200 a its annual building rate down to about 1,450 units.

> The housing sector has benefitted from heavy private invest-ment in the past. In the 1981-85 plan, JD 782 million was invested in housing, of which the private sector provided 88.1 per cent. compared with 57.6 per cent originally called for. Most of the money was spent on upper and middle-class housing: There are now about 5,000 middle-class homes standing empty in Amman alone. Of an overall 23,000 units

The plan also calls for more local production of low-cost building mass production techniques and standards required. private investment that can be attracted. Planned measures in-

provision to the government -

Jordan Times

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Looking forward to summit

AN ARAB summit was overdue. And at last, we will have one taking place in Amman beginning Nov. 8 this year. Jordan can take a fair share of credit from the fact that the venue chosen for the summit is Amman. For the past two years, His Majesty King Hussein has been going around the capitals of various Arab countries, exhorting their leaders to meet at a summit in order to appraise the common problems and try to resolve them collectively. His untiring efforts have finally come to fruition and certainly tributes, first and foremost must go to

Over the past several months, King Hussein has been focussing attention on two major problems endangering Arab security in the Middle East. One is the Iran-Iraq war. While Jordan has been supporting Iraq's stand throughout, not all Arab states have backed up Iraq. Of late, Iran has escalated the war in a measure that it has now come to the threshold of other Arab countries in the Gulf. In the wake of the Iranian threat to destabilise the Arab Gulf countries and the apparent ineffective mission of U.N. Secretary General Perez de Cuellar to arrange a ceasefire, the summit leaders will, necessarily, have to adopt a common strategy to end the Gulf war that has already spilled much Arab blood and wasted immense precious

The second problem is the Arab-Israeli conflict, the core of which is the Palestinian problem. King Hussein's proposal and advocacy of resolving this problem through an international conference with all the parties to the conflict, including the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) actively participating in it, already has almost won universal acceptance. But Israel is adamantly opposed to it. The United States which could have some influence over Israel is reluctant to pressure the Israelis to commit to a negotiated peace settlement. An important task of the Arab summit would be to adopt a common political stand to deal with the Israeli intransigence and also to bring pressure on the U.S. to address the Arab-Israeli problem in an even-handed

The coming Arab summit will have to grapple with these two problems as they vitally affect Arab lives in the region. A summit in itself means nothing unless it is a means to an end. In this case a comprehensive common Arab approach and a common consensus should ultimately evolve in effectively bringing the Gulf war to an end and push the concept of the international conference to make it acceptable to Israel and the United States. The whole Arab World looks forward to the success of the coming summit.

ARABIC PRESS EDITORIALS

Al Ra i: A tiny step forward

THE U.S.-Soviet agreement on the removal of medium and short range nuclear missiles from Europe and Asia represent a major success not only for the two superpowers but also for the world community at large. This historic event constitutes one step on the road for freeing human kind from the horrors of nuclear holocaust and opens the way for the re-establishment of world peace, security and prosperity for all world nations. It is hoped now that the U.S. will abandon its "Star Wars" programme for the sake of enhancing the cause of world peace, and it is hoped that the U.S. and the Soviet Union will embark on meaningful measures leading to the establishment of just and durable peace in our Middle East region. The world nations realise that it is Israel's occupation of Arab territory that continues to pose a serious threat to world peace; and the Zionists realise that any rapprochement and detente between the East and West does not serve the world Zionism's dreams and objectives. Therefore, ending Israel's aggression in our area represents the sole remedy for re-instituting peace and stability; and solving the Palestine problem remains one of the most urgent and most important steps that should be taken in this direction. The Palestine problem could form one of the most important questions on the agenda of the U.S. and Soviet heads of state in their forthcoming summit, if the Arabs know how to unify their stand and prove capable of presenting their case to the world powers.

Al Dustour: Looking on Tunis

AMID a dangerous escalation of the Gulf conflict which followed diplomatic moves on the part of the United Nations, the Arab region now witnesses a meeting in Tunis by Arab foreign ministers who would consider measures to be taken against Iran to force it to abide by U.N. principles and respond to calls of peace. The foreign ministers meet exactly on schedule, and at the end of period of time given to the Iranian rulers to implement the U.N. Security Council Resolution 598 calling for an and to the war in the Gulf and to end their threats against the Arab Nation at large. These ministers will naturally look into the prospect of severing the Arab Nation's ties with Iran in implementation of their earlier decision on this subject. They are expected to do so in view of the current hostile activity Iran is launching in the Gulf and in the light of Iran's official negative response to the United Nations with regard to the implementation of the Security Council resolution. But since Arab states still disagree on the proper measure to be taken against Iran — whether to freeze or sever relations altogether — then there must be a higher meeting at the summit level to deal with the question and to stem Tehran's continued aggression on an Arab sister state. We urge the Arab foreign ministers to take a very firm stand at their meeting Sunday and support their efforts to take a proper action against Iran; and call for an Arab summit as soon as possible to force Iran to respond to the

Sawt Al Shaab: A common Arab action?

THE Arab League Council Sunday meets again at the foreign ministers level to try to find means of forcing Iran to accept and implement U.N. Security Council Resolution 598 on ending the war with Iraq. Since Iran has failed to accept the resolution it is quite natural for the Arab League to adopt proper measures to force Iran to do so in implementation of an earlier decision by Arab foreign ministers. Sept. 20 was the deadline given to Tehran to abide by the resolution and end its war with Iraq, otherwise it would face the prospect of boycott of relations with the Arab World. The foreign ministers should not hesitate to take such a drastic measure against Iran and should also pave the way for holding an Arab summit meeting as soon as possible to discuss measures to be taken to deter Iran from continuing the war on Iraq. Such a summit would be needed also to discuss the situation in Lebanon and the Middle East

Law and order on solid grounds

By Dr. Waleed Sadi

THE police, judiciary and relevant governmental departments should combine efforts to ensure security, legitimacy, supremacy of law, and guarantee human and individual rights. With these words, Crown Prince Hassan opened his keynote address to the opening session of the 12th conference of the Arab police chiefs in Amman on September 15. The Regent went on to say to the assembled heads of the police forces in the Arab World that the proposed three pillars on which the united and coordinated security efforts by Arab countries should rest would aim, inter alia, to preempt accusations of "ignorance and disrespect for human rights" constantly levelled against Third World countries; and offer the kind of comprehensive and broadly based security and law and order which are realisable on the foundation of the inter-relation between development of human rights and security. The Crown Prince also underlined the deprivation factor as one of the principal causes for the disruption of law and order in many countries of the world especially in the developing countries in which the Arab countries are the founding

I take pride in maintaining that the inaugurating words of Prince Hassan to the police conference in Amman would go down in contemporary history of the Third World, not to mention their ancient history, as the first ever attempt by a developing country leader to present the issue of law and order from the perspective of the sophisticated and developed world. I am sure that the words of the Regent to the chiefs of police in the Arab World are a source of great pride and infinite satisfaction to all of us who genuinely care about security and development in the developing countries. I only wish that the inaugurating speech of Crown Prince Hassan to the police conference could be highlighted even more locally and regionally. I also wish that its contents could be further disseminated and acted upon starting with our country. I even respectfully suggest that the principal components of the Regent's address be incorporated in the presentations of our representatives in the various international fora which deal with issues of development, law and order and human rights. After all, the profound lecture of Prince Hassan was meant to drive home the message that the developing countries, the Arab states included, often, if not always, fail to discern the interrelation between the various chains which in their well-coordinated combination offer the only genuine and lasting peace and security in any given country. The intricate balance or equilibrium between the three principal elements as outlined by the Crown Prince must not be molested or interfered with lest the result be contrary to or disruptive of the desired level of law and order which we all yearn and strive for in our midst and the midst of the countries in our region. This farsightedness and penetrating analytical approach as offered by the Prince must have caught many of us including those attending the police conference by surprise. Some of us and some of them would surely make the grave mistake of treating the speech as mere public relations presentation not meant to be heeded or acted upon. The majority of "us" and "them," I hope, would not commit that outrageous blunder and instead would give the words of Prince Hassan their due. Otherwise, the cause of law and order in its broader context will falter and those who are charged with our security and protection will end up becoming the principal enemies of state security and stability, albeit unintentionally.

In underscoring the relevancy of deprivation and the gar between the rich and poor on the state and personal levels, the Prince had this to say: "We should help the poor countries in their fight against deprivation and its negative consequences. We should assist the drought-stricken countries to overcome their famine problems." In this vein, Prince Hassan reminded the audience of his proposal to the General Assembly of the United Nations in 1982 to set-up an independent commission for humanitarian issues with a mandate to help achieve a new international humanitarian order. It will be recalled that the last session of the commission was held in Amman last winter when it adopted a series of recommendations and proposals tackling a variety of topics and concerns ranging from famine, to desertification and street children.

The thoughts and proposals submitted by Prince Hassan to the participating chiefs of Arab police forces are supported inter alia by empirical study and experience gained by the developed countries all over the world. By and large there is no breakdown of law and order in the developed countries and generally speaking they have succeeded in maintaining balanced and lasting law and order based on the comprehensive approach suggested by Prince Hassan. To be sure, in some of them, the pendulum was allowed to swing too far to the direction of individual rights in violation of public right. In such instances the balance between the various components or elements that act interwovenly to offer the genuine peace and security was again distorted and unduly contravened. The United States offers a prime example where such imbalance was allowed to

nurture and take root. In the majority of the developed countries. the uneasy balance was maintained with considerable degree of success. We in the developing world can certainly draw a lot on the experience gained by the developed world and become able to strike a reasonable balance between the various considerations which in their totality offer the most viable formula for peace and security at home. The strategy for law and order in the Arab World cannot remain up to the discretion of simplistic personnel who tend to view matters in black and white terms and often act without seeing beyond their immediate noses. The stakes are much too high to leave the hard-core and long range issues of law and order to simplistic analysis and application. It would indeed be comforting and reassuring to know that the words of Prince Hassan could effectively become the guiding light for all Arab chiefs of police and other departments charged with the task of securing general peace, security and stability. I am sure that the perspectives and orientations presented to the Arab chiefs of police were a source of tremendous inspiration. The fact that the heads of the Arab delegations attending the Amman conference have decided to adopt the address of Prince Hassan as an official document of the conference is a clear and positive sign that its contents will be duly observed and acted upon. The decision also implies, as indeed it should, that human rights in their individual as well their collective aspects, will be further promoted and protected in executing futuristic strategies for public security and stability.

Also gratifying is the decision of the Arab chiefs of police

attending the conference to include the comprehensive strategy for security and genuine stability in the overall development plans of the respective Arab countries participating in the conference. The incorporation of the sophisticated Jordanian strategy for law and order as a model to emulate is also a cause for satisfaction to all of

If I have a comment or observation to make to such Arab police conferences it would be in the form of proposing henceforth the involvement and participation of Arab experts in socio-economic, political and human rights endeavours in all future conferences in order to provide the comprehensive representations for the three principal elements that the Prince has so wisely pointed out in his speech to the conferees. Only through such broadening of orientations and perspectives can we secure and assure the optimum genuine and lasting peace and stability in our midst.

Gaza's unions grasp the nettle

By Paul Cossali

The writer is co-author of Stateless in Gaza, Zed Press, London 1986. This article is reprinted from Middle East International,

ON February 21 a unique event took place in Gaza. Outside a dust-brown building overlooking the city's sprawling Shujaiya quarter. scores of Palestinian workers gathered to cast their votes in the first union elections held in the Gaza Strip since the beginning of Israel's occupation. The election, for the Builders and Carpenters Union (BCU) was, watched closely by those on both sides of Gaza's divide. For many Palestinian workers and union activists, the election for the BCU executive was seen as the first step in revitalising Gaza's long dormant trade unions. For the Strip's military governor, who had ordered the Israeli army to prevent the election after a banning order had been ignored, the BCU initiative was a challenge to

Some 60,000 Gazans spend their days in the factories and building sites of Israel. Their employment dates back to the carrot and stick counter-insurgency campaign waged by Israel in the late 60s and early 70s. While Ariel Sharon drove his bulldozers through Gaza's tightly packed camps in a successful attempt to flush out the fighters who had prevented the Israelis estab-lishing control over the Strip, Moshe Dayan offered their would-be replacements the pros-pect of work inside the Green Line. Despite the opposition of the different military and political organisations in Gaza, who warned of the consequences of dependency on Israel, it didn't take a great deal of encouragement to persuade Gazans to board the workers' buses going north. Job opportunities in Gaza were almost non-existent, wages in Israel were initially high, and with the armed struggle on the point of collapse the spirit of collective resistance was seriously compromised.

As the number of Gazans working in Israel grew through-out the 1970s, wages slumped and conditions deteriorated. Many Israeli enterprises thrived on an apparently inexhaustible supply of cheap Palestinian labour, but few Gazans enjoyed either job security or social security benefits. Instead the roadside labour markets and increasing numbers of child workers became symbols of an exploitation to which the authorities seemed happy to turn a blind eye.
Unlike the West Bank, there

were no unions in Gaza to defend the workers' interests. Six trade unions had been established in the Strip during the Egyptian administration, but all union activity in Gaza was banned by the Israelis in the aftermath of the occupation. In 1979, following pressure from the ILO, the Israelis agreed to lift the ban on Gaza's unions, but ensured that they remained effectively powerless by insisting that they could neither hold elections nor extend their membership beyond the handful of ageing men who had been union members before

After applications for the right to recruit new members had been turned down by the military authorities, this restriction was

Other factors were also nudging the unions towards challenging the election ban. Israel's economic crisis and the cutback in the employment of Palestinians in the Arab World had combined to produce worrying high levels of unemployment in Gaza. Just as significant was the Palestinian soul-searching which had deepened as the divisions within the PLO grew wider. A quicker pace of institutional development in the occupied territories was increasingly seen by the new political class as the key to withstanding the creeping advance of Israel's occupation. In Gaza, which had always lagged behind, the West Bank in the number and strength of its nationalist organisations, and suffered as a result, the creation of strong and independent unions was a priority.

The test case came at the be-

ginning of the year when the BCU, as required by Egyptian Labour Law, informed the authorities that they intended to hold elections for a new executive on February 21. Their letter was supported by a petition signed by 130 union members. On February 19 the election committee received a letter from the military administration telling them that their election was considered illegal, and on the morning of the election the entrance to the union building was blocked by Israeli troops. A group of Israeli obser-vers, mainly human rights activ-ists and leftist unions, tried to persuade the soldiers to allow the workers into the building, but when this failed a small number of workers pushed their way past the soldiers and called on their colleagues to follow them. In the ensuing scramble most of the workers managed to get into the building, although eyewitness re-ports speak of some workers being badly beaten. By midday, however, the BCU had a newly elected executive committee.

The Israeli response to this rare setback was swift and predictable. The same evening two union members, Mohammad Sha-ban and Tawfiq Mahbou, were summoned to the military government building and asked for the names of all who had participated in the elections and of those who had been newly elected. Mahbon was also instructed to tell the newly elected committee to cancel the election results. A couple of days later, Mahbon and another BCU activist, Aish Obeid, were summoned to the government headquarters, and, according to Obeid, were threatened with violence unless they saw to it that the election results were cancelled. The following day, Shabah's eldest son, Ahmed, was seized by soldiers outside his home and taken to a deserted part of the coast where

he was viciously assaulted. The military governor had told Mahbou that he was opposed to the BCU election because it had "made a hole in the wall which other unions will now climb through." In this he has been proved at least partly correct. In March the authorities received notice from the Commercial and Public Service Workers Union (CPSWU) that it intended to hold elections at the beginning of April. On 2 April, two days before the poll, the union's offices were raided by the security forces, who carted off files and quietly flouted by the unions. documents, and arrested a num-

ber of workers who were present. would be more favourable. Then such security convictions are not On the election day, workers they told me that Israel was like attempting to get to Gaza's union building found the area sealed off by soldiers. Undeterred, they moved on to the Red Cross building where the election took place.

As with the CBU, reprisals followed. Tal'at Laffi, who had been arrested in the swoop before the election and had been elected onto the new executive in his absence, was left with a fractured arm and internal injuries as a result of interrogation by the Shin Bet. Other union officers were repeatedly summoned by the authorities and ordered to cease their union activity. In the words of CPSWU member, Hussein Al Jamal: "First they told me that: unions were OK, that they had nothing against them, but that we'll should shut down until Peres came to power when the climate

an elephant and the Gaza unions like a blade of grass and that unless we stopped our activities. the elephant would crush the

On 27 May the military administration sent letters to eight members of the newly elected executive boards barring them from union activity. The stated reason for the banning order was that under Egyptian Labour Law, no person convicted of a criminal offence is entitled to hold union office. Although the letters charged that all eight were being barred for "committing a crime" two of those included had never been contricted of any offence, while the remaining six have only ever been convicted of "membership in an illegal organisation." Under the labour law,

activity. That the authorities resort to quoting Egyptian Labour Law to justify trade union repression is viewed with bitter amusement by Gaza's unionists. As one activist pointed out; "The Israelis themselves are in violation of a whole series of labour laws. They forbade union elections, which must be held every two years, they didn't go through the due legal process in barring the eight unionists, and they continue to recognise as union leaders people who are factory owners and employ large numbers of people." In June, two other unions in

considered evidence of criminal

ionists who have been barred sever links with Israel's trade from activity are refusing to stop union federation, Histadrut.

their union work, but for the time being are not entering the union building. The unions are considering taking the authorities to court over the ban, and are confident of winning.

For their part, the Israelis continue to repeat to anyone who is :XXI prepared to listen that Gaza's had unions are political fronts which . Invi are inciting hostile elements. So zing far, their evidence is that "inflammatory literature" has been seized at "illegal union meetings." Yet a 1987 ILO report on the conditions of workers in the occupied territories said that it found no evidence for Israel's allegation that Palestinian unions Gaza, the Tailors and the Drivers were political bodies. More wor-Unions, held their own elections, rying from the Israeli point of in, secret and with almost actiview, was the recent decision by advanced publicity. The eight unitable British union, NALGO, to

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'60 Minutes': A TV hit at 20 years in the U.S.

By Peter J. Boyer

NEW YORK — The morning had just begun and Don Hewitt was already quite agitated, which drew no special notice, as agitation is Hewitt's natural state. The executive producer of "60 Minutes" was aroused by a magazine advertisement trumpeting television network. It listed every 'show: but one — Hewitt's "60 Minutes."

"It's no insuit to us," he said. "It's a lousy ad anyway. But for their own sake, you know what this ad ought to say?" And then he imagined a more suitable one featuring "60 Minutes" in big, bold letters at the top, and below, in smaller type, would be all the other CBS shows.

Hewitt has a point. At CBS. there is "60 Minutes." and then there is everything else. In a medium in which 10 years is forever, it has endured through all or part of five U.S. presiden-

In the prime time environment, "60 Minutes" has been an epic hit. The broadcast has finished among the top 10 shows in the ratings for 10 consecutive years. It has made more money for CBS than any other show at the network ever has - in at least one year making the difference between profit and loss.

As "60 Minutes" enters its 20th season, there are undercurrents of uncertainty. The most enduring programme on television is also the oldest; the average age of its on-camera stars is 57. Mike Wallace, the back-bone of the broadcast and one of its two (with Harry Reasoner) original correspondents, will be 70 before this season ends and seriously considered retiring after last season; Reasoner, 64, is recovering from major lung surgery; Hewitt is 64. There has been speculation

suggesting that the broadcast's youngest and newest correspondent. Diane Sawyer, 41, is a candidate for other jobs, most notably an anchor chair on the *CBS Evening News." There will be new Sunday-night competition in the form of NFL football on cable on the West Coast, and a new ratings system, called "people meters," which is believed to favour younger audiences, looms

Hewitt makes no promises for the continued success of "60 Minutes" after his contract expires. Of course, his contract runs until In 1968, when "60 Minutes"

with dangerous possibility.

appeared there was a firmer commitment to public-affairs programmes than there came to be, and "60 Minutes" was allowed to live despite low ratings. It moved around on the schedule and then, in 1975, CBS moved it to Sunday at 7 P.M., a time reserved for public-affairs and family programming making for relatively weak competition. There, all the latent commerciality of "60 Minutes" bloomed, and it was quickly apparent that Hewitt's programme was anything but another news broadcast. It was a news-entertainment hybrid, news as a show. Hewitt thought of his correspondents as "a repertory group of reporters." They are paid show-business salaries each of the correspondents earning about \$1 million a year and Hewitt himself earning approximately \$2.5 million annually.

The broadcast concerned itself not only with public affairs but ear of top company executives, nutes" when the Writers Guild of with fluff, too. There was also an and he didn't always hesitate to America was striking CBS News



Harry Reasoner, Morley Safer, Ed Bradley (seated), Diane Sawyer, Mike Wallace face producer Don Hewitt.

interview with the political humorist Art Buchwald, the first of what was to become a "60 Minutes" staple — the celebrity

Even serious subjects, such as investigative reporting, were en-tertaining, presented in the same "60 Minutes" expose style — the nervous culprit, cornered by the tightly framed "60 Minutes" camera; or Mike Wallace, the avenging angel in a trench coat, pursuing baddies out of their homes and down the street, with

cameras rolling.
At the end of 1976 season, "60 Minutes" became a hit show, and that changed everything. It suddenly became apparent that a hit prime-time news programme was a property of unimagined worth, infinitely more valuable than a hit entertainment show.

Hewitt became a bona fide power broker at CBS, gaining the

offer his opinions on matters not last winter. Hewitt observed that directly related to "60 Minutes." Rooney continued to collect his There is much talk of the "60 salary and to use CBS news Minutes" unit as a family, as it offices to write his newspaper column during the strike and seems to be. And in the last year, there has been some family bickopenly considered replacing ering. When Sawyer was being Rooney on the show. discussed as a possible co-anchor For all the diversions, though, with Rather on "Evening News," Hewitt remains the essential pro-

or as the host of her own news ducer. "He screens each piece that goes on the air at least twice series, Hewitt is said to have been and more often three times or outraged. Sawyer, on the road for "60 even four or five times, depend-Minutes" last week, said, "I love '60 Minutes.' '60 Minutes' is ing on how sticky his fingers are." Morley Safer said. where I want to be." Earlier in When ratings sagged three the year, there was some grief years ago and critics complained that "60 Minutes" had lost some between Hewitt and Andy Rooney, the resident humorist of its edge, Hewitt geared up, whose segment, "A Few Minutes With Andy Rooney," has been one of the most popular portions of the broadcast since it started in

nutes" began to make news again and recover lost ratings ground.
"It's the beginning of the 20th
year," Reasoner said, "and as you get that long, you should be making evolutionary changes.
And I assume Don is making

redirected the boadcast's focus on

world hot spots, and "60 Mi-

them." Hewitt is already making contingency plans, and has in mind several candidates for a "60 Minutes" job should one become

For all the excitement that Hewitt and his unit occasionally stir inside CBS News, "60 Minutes" has mostly been the source of torment for the other networks, the linchpin of an unassailable Sunday-night lineup. Brandon Tartikoff, the president of NBC has given up trying to overtake "60 Minutes" by "counterprogramming" it — by placing a show appealing to a different type of audience opposite "60 Minutes." But next year, Tartikoff said, NBC will go after "60 Minutes" with something new: a show being called "90 Minutes" that would be an allout, network-wide effort. He declined to elaborate.

It is true that the "60 Minutes" audience is ageing along with the show, but it remains one of the most valuable to advertisers. Commercials on the broadcast will sell for \$225,000 to \$250,000 per 30-second spot this season; each episode has 13 30-second commercials; that means that CBS can bring in roughly \$3 million per broadcast in revenues, against a per-show cost of less than \$800,000.

Those are numbers that even the most devoted adversary can admire. And despite the age of its sort of praise in a single sentence: "I wish we had '60 Minutes" —

stars, despite the age of its audience, despite the portents of erosion, "60 Minutes" remains a show quite apart. Gerald Jaffe, vice president in charge of research at NBC, offers the highest

New York Times.

Randa Habibs **Orderly contacts**

in late July.

THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH on Tuesday denied press reports concerning an unknown epidemic which, according to previous reports, afflicted over 800 people in the northern village of Akraba

The ministry said that only 80 villagers were struck by this "influenza-type" disease and an additional 40 were estimated to be affected by the virus. So, according to the ministry, the overall number does not exceed 120.

Great. One-hundred-twenty sick people in a village of 1,500 inhabitants. Isn't this serious enough? In fact it was, because the ministry took measures to control the spreading of this highlycontagious airborne disease. But just guess what the measure was? To discourage intimate contact. I really wonder how the Ministry of Health was able to do that. And I think they should tell us more about it, for the benefit of the whole world which is trying to

discourage people with AIDS from any intimate contact.

So how did the ministry act in Akraba? Did they just give advices to the patients or did they take more practical measures? Maybe married people were asked to separate. Women to go back to their parents' homes. Men to occupy their evenings with reading or playing backgammon. Or maybe a special alarm system was installed that would ring a bell whenever one of the patients was trying to have intimate contact with someone.

I wish the Ministry of Health would tell us more about this.

Secrets of the master of secrets

Secrecy and Power: The Life of J. meals: to take holidays on the Edgar Hoover by Richard Gid Powers, Hutchinson, 1987

By Syed Neaz Ahmad

LONDON - J. Edgar Hoover's death came as a shock to the American nation in 1972. He had run the Federal Bureau of Investigation for 48 years, working under eight presidents and 16 attorney generals. Through the vicissitudes of half a century, he built the FBI, but above all himself, into a national institution. To the political right he was a hero, a bulwark against the nation's enemies; to the left he was

a tyrant, a threat to civil liberties. An objective assessment of Hoover's work and worth was difficult prior to his death because of the secrecy in which he shrouded the FBI's activities. Only six weeks after his death, however, the Watergate breakins generated a public impulse to more searchingly, a process which would be assisted by the

Freedom of Information Act. In Secrecy and Power, Richard Powers has taken full advantage tial papers and FBI files he has produced the most carefully researched, scholarly and authoritative biography of Hoover to

dle-class respectability. It was a

garden protected against the infil-

tration of "Jim Crow," together

with all foreign ideas and permis-

Hoover's habitual moral fer-

vour in public speeches also owed

much to Seward Square's legacy,

but it was strongly at odds with

his lifestyle as director of the FBI.

On this subject the author

Richard Powers is restrained,

especially in his bandling of

Hoover's lifelong friendship with

his associate director, Clyde Tol-

son, a relationship alleged in

Washington gossip to be

The contrasts between this

friendship and Hoover's public

condemnation of homosexuality

can be seen as one of a number of

inconsistencies in his character.

He condemned corruption and

was ever vigilant against it in the

bureau: Yet he was prepared

himself to accept free restaurant

ORDAN MARKET PLACE

sive standards.

He dwells at length on Hoover's early childhood and upbringing in Seward Square, Washington — a kind of American Acacia Avenue, heavy with white mid-

"Nickelodeon... has been a beneficiary of the children's programming syndication woes as advertisers try to find out where

serting the cartoon shows in droves for the real-life fun of

child's dream come true." At the end of each show, the winning duo get to run the obstacle course to win prizes like a video cassette recorder or a trip

There is a pit of "green slime" three-foot (one-metre) deep vat of popcorn through which they have to crawl, a human hamster wheel to turn or a giant whipped cream sundae to surmount. They bureau's budget; to use bureau personnel and resources for his own whim and benefit; to take gifts from his subordinates, which were often the clue to some dramatic promotions; and to keep the cash proceeds from books ghosted for him by bureau

The election of John F. Kenverdict was "dangerous" and

"rather psycho." For many, Hoover's "G"-man

Frankfurt motor show points to car's high-tech future

By Paul Johnston

FRANKFURT, West Germany - The car of the future will warn the driver if he is about to hit something, use satellite signals to tell him where he is, and adjust seat and pedals automatically to his requirements.

Windscreen wipers will switch themselves on if it starts raining, and a compact disc player will adjust its volume according to how many people are in the car. These were some of the fear of the sear of the sear of the search of the

vehicles at the Frankfurt International Motor Show. They gave the thousands of visitors a glimpse into the high-tech future of the automobile.

The futuristic models from Ford and Toyota were one of the main attractions at the biennial exhibition which opened to the public on September 11 and continues until September 20.

Ford's showpiece was the HEX Ghia Aerostar, a six-seater van, which cost \$7 million to develop

and boasts 26 computers. Toyota was displaying its FXV-2, a two-door coupe whose lowset trapezoid form is intended to give an idea of the car of the 1990s.

The high-tech qualities of these cars show up even before the driver moves off. The moment the motorist puts

his personalised key into the Ford car's ignition, the driver's seat, the mirrors and the pedals all automatically adjust to his pre-set requirements.

The Ford model's sensors detect obstacles around the car, including the car's blindspot, and give optical and sound warning signals if there is any danger of

The latest BMW model displayed at Frankfurt fair

Toyota's car includes a similar device. With the car set on cruise control, sensors monitor the distance from the vehicle in front and a computer automatically reduces speed if this distance falls below certain safety limits.

The FXV-2 also includes a navigation system which uses either satellite signals or the earth's magnetic field to pinpoint the car's exact geographical posi-

Peter Olfs, head of press relations at West German electricals giant Siemens, who are active in auto electronics, explained that two basic types of navigational systems were currently being de-

One operates without requiring special signals from external sources. This system can indicate the direction of the driver's goal but not what roads he should take

to get there.

The other type of system requires external transmitters which send information from a

central traffic computer, thus enabling the system to work out the best route to any particular objective. An electronic display tells the

motorist precisely which road to take and how far to the next Olfs said Siemens and another West German electronics company Blaupunkt were developing

such a system and would be giving it limited tests in West Berlin next spring. But one stumbling block is the large cost of a central information system and transmitters, which would probably limit its develop-

ment to large cities where local lems.

Olfs said the system might be commercially available by the early 1990s at a cost of arrange 2 are a cost of authorities were prepared to foot the windows melts frost and ice as

ly 1990s at a cost of around 2,000 narks (\$1,100) to the motorist. He said the simpler system would be available much sooner and would probably cost around 1,000 marks (\$550). As well as providing the driver with additional information, computer-based systems have also been developed to improve the car's technical performance.

1978. Rooney, who spent most of

his career at CBS as a writer,

refused to appear on "60 Mi-

In the Toyota car, a computer determines the ideal ignition timing and fuel injection volume. based on signals from the combustion pressure sensors mounted in each of the car's eight cylin-

Feedback control from a sensor in the exhaust pipe then enable corrections to be made to the air/fuel mixture.

Performance is also enhanced through an electrically controlled four-wheel drive system. This adjusts the relation between the speed of rotation of the front and rear wheels to match the driving conditions.

The Toyota car also boasts a host of high-tech gadgets, which although too costly for the production line at present, are still being researched.

The windscreen wipers can be set so that they are triggered automatically by rain hitting the windscreen and adjust themselves depending on how fast the car is moving and how heavy the rain

The wing mirror automatically reduces glare from overtaking vehicles at night by comparing brightness from the front and from the rear and shifting into anti-glare mode if necessary.

A thin ceramic film coated on

car seats to set sound levels, according to how many passengers are in the car and where they are sitting.

Children's TV game show daring to be different

By Steve James

NEW YORK — There's nothing unusual about a television game show where contestants get themselves dirty and act like children.

But in "Double Dare" where participants push each other through a hand wringer, dive into a huge bowl of broccoli soup or wade into a giant peanut butter-and-jam sandwich to win valuable prizes — they really are children.

It is American television's hottest kids' programme and the only game show for children on

Like the prime-time versions for grown-up children, this game show has a toothy host, Marc Summers, who spends half his time making sense of the madness and the rest asking trivial questions and wise-cracking to the audience.

What candy bar was dropped from aircraft on tiny parachutes as a promotional stunt in 1923? Mars, Butterfinger or Almond Joy?" (Answer: Butterfinger).
"Who recorded the title song of the movie Pretty in Pink?"

(Psychedelic Furs).
"What human explosion can

make germs travel at 50 miles per hour?" (A sneeze).

If the two teams of two children each cannot answer, they can dare each other to take the "physical challenge" — stunts like rolling eggs across the floor

with their chins or finding plastic

"This is all I've ever wanted to do," says Summers of his job as overseer of the show's madness — a kind of circus ringmaster for

fish in bowls of jelly.

pre-adolescents who whoop and scream to see other children slip and slide in mounds of goo.

Reuter

The show, which premiered last year on Nickelodeon — a cable television network for children seen in more than 31 million American homes - has become one of the popular television programmes for children. Its success comes at a time

when the major broadcast TV networks, relying on a diet of cartoons for the two to 11 year old group, are suffering a drama-tic drop in ratings.

According to Cable TV Adver-

tising, an entertainment media research newsletter, ratings for children's programmes last year dropped 18 per cent overall.

all the child viewers have gone," it said. The answer, according to the ratings, is that children are de-

'Double Dare.' And what they like best is the obstacle course designed by executive producer Geoffrey Darby, who describes it as "every

to Disney world.

use real food.

staft.

Perhaps the most interesting part of the book is Power's description of Hoover's relationships with the White House. where his influence waxed and waned with different presidents. Powers does not pull his punches.

"The relationship between Hoover and Roosevelt," says the author, "erased any limit set by custom or law to the requests the president might make of the FBI director, or to the favours the director might do for the president." The favours included passing on political gossip about Roosevelt's friends and enemies and information about the plans look inside and evaluate the FBI of election opponents - shades of Watergate?

nedy coincided with the beginning of Hoover's last decade and with the period in which he would of the Act. By studying presiden- be out of step and out of sympathy with the spirit of the times. While Kennedy stood for liberalism, concern for minorities, sociological approaches to crime and youth culture. Hoover continued to fulminate against the 'beastly punks" who were coddled by "muddleheaded sen-timentality." His hatred for the Kennedys, particularly for Robert as attorney general, led to vendetta in which he was prepared to use the contents of his notorious secret files to influence their policies and preserve his own power, a power which he later abused to preside over an FBI campaign to destroy Martin Luther King. Robert Kennedy's

> image of the '30s and '40s will be the strongest impression of his directorship of the FBI. But there is more to the FBI than Hoover's image. Having exposed all the myths about the bureau and revealed the warts of its director. the author Richard Powers gives Hoover and the bureau due credit. He concludes that Hoover's one incontestable merit was his organising ability and his creation of one of the great institutions of America.

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2 years on, Mexican quake victims still in tents, huts

By Phil Davison

MEXICO CITY — Two years after an earthquake devastated Mexico City, thousands of famihes who lost their homes still live in tents or primitive corrugated iron huts near the city centre.

The September 19, 1985. quake killed at least 8,000 people

and left about 100,000 families — 500,000 people — homeless. Most have since been housed through government or private programmes. But at least 15,000 families are still awaiting help, some 8,000 of them, or 40,000 people, in camps they set up

themselves near their fallen homes. Many quake victims criticise the pace and extent of the government reconstruction prog-

President Miguel de la Madrid, in his state of the nation address this month, said his government had achieved its reconstruction goals and that 500,000 homeless people had received government or private assistance.

His minister for housing Manuel Camacho Solis, said this week that 80,000 families had received

new homes and 15,000 more would be housed in the near

Their words are small comfort to victims such as Leticia Robledo, age 32, who lives downtown with her husband, Teofilio, her brother-in-law and four children in a six by four metre one-room corrugated iron hut, with a wooden flap as a lone window.

It is in a row of 21 huts that form what residents call "encampment seven." In an area rife with robberies, a three-metre mesh fence topped with barbed wire separates them from passing

The huts have electricity but no water. The 21 families share a communal toilet and shower room, connected to the city water supply, and a communal kitchen with six gas rings.

Robledo paused from cooking sopes, a Mexican tortilla snack, in the kitchen to describe her "Gracias a dios" (thank God),

we all survived, although our house collapsed around us," she said. We try to forget but we'll never really get over it. No one

"For a long time, I had to take sleeping pills. My nerves were bad. I was afraid to go down into the metro (underground) in case I never got out. One of our neighbours, who

lost several of her family, could not speak for three months," she "The government has done no-thing to help us," she said, adding that help had come only from the national Red Cross of Switzer-

land and a private aid group, the sole coordinator of victims, known as CUD. Robledo said she would pay a 28,000 peso monthly mortgage (at present just under \$20) with no deposit, for a new home under an agreement with the Swiss

group and the CUD. The leader of the CUD. Cuauhtemoc Abarca, said in a recent interview that more than 40,000 people had died in the September 19 quake and a second stretch along the area, damaged and unsafe. Workmen are adding tremor that rocked the city a day later. He said he based his count steel rods and concrete to make on lists drawn up by neighbourhood groups that sprang up after them habitable.

Official figures after the quake were always vague. The govern- saying it contained insufficient ment at first spoke of 3,000 or concrete and steel.

4,000 dead. The then-U.S. ambassador John Gavin was the first to mention higher figures, estimating at least 10,000, maybe 20,000 dead. A United Nations study later spoke of at least 8,000 dead, which gained acceptance as the official toll. The worst single toll - possibly more than 1,000 dead - was

known as the Nuevo Leon, on the northern section of the tree-lined Reforma Boulevard. It was there that Spanish-born opera singer Placido Domingo lost several relatives and joined in the rescue operations, digging

in a high-rise apartment block

with his bare hands. Most of the building's rubble has gone but the foundations remain, flooded by seasonal rains, an eerie reminder of the tragedy. A wooden fence hides the ruins from the boulevard but occasionally someone passing by slips in for a look.

'Somehow, you still get a feeling that there's life in there," one such passer-by said at the site this Similar high-rises, originally built under a state scheme

Residents had long complained that the Nuevo Leon was unsafe,

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title in 1985, was unable to coun-

The players traded service

breaks in the first four games of

the first set, then Mezzadri broke

At five-all in the second set.

Mezzadri accelerated the rhythm

and closed out the 90-minute

court passing shot, to the delight

seeded Andres Gomez of

Ecuador in the semifinals, said

Mezzadri "was passing very well

today. He has more experience

than when I beat him two year

That match had been their only

singles confrontation before

ago at Hilversum (Netherlands).

Smid, who had ousted top-

of the home crowd.

Smid's serve in the ninth game

shots and driving forehands.

Turkey clinches 7 golds at Mediterranean Games

LATAKIA, Syria (Agencies) — Turkey has stormed up the medals table at the Mediterranean Games, thanks to its freestyle wrestlers, but Italy's grip at the top remains virtually unassailable.

In one of their most popular in their final game of the group, national sports, the Turks took the five top weight categories and one other, just as their men basketballers took the crown in Aleppo with a 86-65 win over hosts Syria.

The unofficial title of toughest man in this coastal resort for the gold in the heaviest freestyle wrestling class, 100-130 kg, went to Hayri Sezgin for a 4-0 win over Minas Karagiannidis of Greece.

The results took the Turks from zero to seven gold medals in one day to stand in fourth place behind Italy on 44. Spain on nine and France also on seven.

These plus Yugoslavia. Greece, Syria, Albania, Egypt. Morocco, Tunisia and San Marino figured in the table on Sunday. leaving six nations yet to make a mark in the two-week games. Libya, Lebanon, Algeria, Malta. Cyprus and Monaco.

In soccer action on Saturday night, France beat Greece 1-0. ensuring that both qualify from the Latakia group for the final round starting on Tuesday.

A goal five minutes from time by Philippe Pricur, who scored a hat-trick in his country's crucial 4-0 win over Algeria earlier last week, gave France the win.

American sprinter Carl Lewis has

called for an investigation into

allegations that Canadian Ben

Johnson false started when he

beat Lewis and set a new 100-

metres world record in Rome.

Lewis, in Sao Paulo to take

part in an international athletics

meeting on Sunday, told a news

conference he was not contesting

Johnson's record but felt con-troversy over the race should be

cleared up.

pulling back from 1-0 down at

With France looking stronger than Greece and Syria well ahead in the Aleppo group, a France-Syria final on the last day of the games next Thursday looks

The nation that joins Syria in the final round will be decided on Sunday night in the last matches of the Aleppo group between Syria and Lebanon and Turkey and San Marino.

The athletics competition got under way on Saturday with Italy taking gold and silver in the 20 kilometres walk. Greece won the shotput and Tunisia's Fathi Baccouche, after controversy over the validity of his entry was set-. tled in his favour, was awarded the 10,000 metres gold.

On Saturday Tunisian runner Fathi Bakoush was first to the finish line but last with his paperwork - and the red tape may deprive him of his victory in the Mediterranean Games' 10,000metre race.

The scoreboard at the sports city stadium showed Bakoush's time of 28:39.66 as the race ended, but not his name - which was not listed in the 18-nation Morocco later beat Algeria 2-1 tournament's computerised entry

ternational Amateur Athletics

Federation) officials and Swedish

newspaper have evidence that Ben faulted," Lewis said.

"I believe if there's no further

Mouwafaq Juma, head of the Syrian Athletics Federation, said Bakoush failed to confirm his participation in the event by Sept. 16, in accordance with Mediterranean Games rules, and that other

tion "had found it difficult" to let Bakoush run, but that Yugoslavia's Artur Takas, head of the Mediterranean Games technical committee, decided to let him

tee would continue to discuss the matter Sunday.

by the (displayed) results," Juma

"Unfortunately, it was the Arabs who objected," Tunisian coach Abdi Mejid said immediately after the race. He refused to name the countries in-

Meiid said Bakoush arrived only Friday night because of de-layed flights and had very little sleep before the race.

Sabatini beats

evidence but a newspaper version, no one can contest Ben's record. But I also believe there should be an IAAF investiga-Johnson set the new record of

9.83 seconds at the world cham-"I am not certain of what hap-pened as I always focus on my month.

Panova in perfect rhythm

ewis faults Johnson

VARNA, Bulgaria (AP) — Bianka Panova rolled up an unprecedented perfect score of 40 to lead Bulgaria to a sweep of the top three places Saturday in the overall individual competition at the World Rhythmic Gymnastics Championships.

In the 12 previous world chamhad ever received the maximum socre of 40 points, 10 in each of the four floor exercises.

But before an enthusiastic

crowd waving red-white-andgreen Bulgarian flags in this Black Sea resort, the cool, 17year-old Panova broke the world championship mark of 39.9 set by Dilian Rgieve of Bulgaria at the 1985 competition in Valladolid,

Panova took the gold in thepionships, no rhythmic gymnast overall individual competition, while two silver medals were awarded to her teammates, Adriana Dunavska, 17, and Elisabeth Koleya, 14.

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He finished just ahead of Morocco's Ibrahim Abu Tayeb, whose time was not displayed on

contestants had protested. Juma said representatives of the international athletics federa-

Juma said an appeals commit-

We are not obliged to abide

There was no immediate explanation why Bakoush chose to run in the 10,000 metres. although he was properly registered to compete in the 5,000 and 1,500 races.

Maleeya

Gabriela Sabatini of Argentina let slip a 4-0 lead in the second set before scrambling to a 6-4, 7-6 victory over Bulgaria's Manuela Maleeva in the final of the \$300,000 - Pacific Open women's tennis tournament on Sunday. Sabatini, 17, who won the tie-

breaker 8-6, collected \$50.000. "I knew I had to win that tie-breaker," she said. "I kept the pressure. on her because I could have been in serious trouble if the match went into the third set.' Sabatini, who beat the second-

seeded Maleeva's younger sister Katerina in Saturday's semifinals, won the first set less convincingly than seemed likely when she led

Her second-set lapse appeared more ominous as Maleeva, unsettling the Argentine with the depth and accuracy of her ground strokes, not only pulled back the 4-0 deficit but went ahead 5-4.

The tie-breaker was marked by several long rallies with Sabatini finally taking it when Maleeva double-faulted and then hit a service return into the net.

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chance to turn a fast lap. "The reason we gained the pole," Berger said, "is that we

France achieved his long awaited record 28th Grand Prix victory when he triumphed in the most exciting fashion in Sunday's dramatic Portuguese Grand Prix.

After an aborted start, caused by a five-car pile-up at the first corner, Prost drove "the most beautiful race of my career" to overhaul Gerhard Berger's Ferrari two laps from the finish when the Austrian lost control and span

Berger had led Prost's Mclaren throughout, although the Frenchman had been constantly reducing the gap between them in the second half of the race. The pressure was too much for Berger, who admitted he had taken his car beyond the limit, and had to settle for second place behind the Frenchman.

For Prost, it was not only a record 28th career win, overhauling Briton Jackie Stewart's 14year-old mark of 27 victories, but also his third of the season and an turing the West German Grand unexpected fillip to his prospects Prix in 1985. of a third successive world title.

With championship leader Nel-son Piquet of Brazil finishing third in a Williams and his British team-mate Nigel Mansell and Lotus's Ayrton Senna out of the points, Prost retains an academic chance of winning the title again.
Italian Teo Fabi came fourth in

Stefan Johansson in the second Mclaren and American Eddie Cheever in an Arrows, but their efforts were overshadowed by Prost's historic achievement.

Berger breathed new life into the old horse of Ferrari by taking the pole position for the Portuguese Grand Prix with the quickest lap in Saturday's second qualifying session.

Berger gained the Italian car-maker's first pole since April 1985 as he sped around the 4.35kilometre autodrome in 1 minute, 17.620 seconds, averaging

The first pole in Berger's career gave Ferrari its 104th in Grand Prix racing history, second to Lotus' 107. Italy's Michele Alboreto gained the last pole for Ferrari in the 1985 Brazilian Grand Prix. Ferrari has the most Grand

Prix victories, 91, compared with 79 for Lotus. Alboreto also had the last victory for Ferrari, cap-

Berger, 28, took advantage of a timely rain shower to snatch the pole from Britain's Mansell, the defending champion. Berger had just finished his fast lap when the rain came and slowed condition just after halfway through the one-hour session.

Mansell never got another

Budd faster than she thinks

BANGOR, Northern Ireland anticipated. (AP) — South African track star Zola Budd continued her comeback by running two minutes faster than she had expected in She entered two races in England winning the Kodak classic 10- using an assumed name to avoid kilometre road race Saturday.

Briton, who has been out of target for anti-apartheid demonaction for almost a year with a strators since she took British thigh and hip injury, clocked 32 citizenship three years ago to minutes 17 seconds and she further her track career. South romped to an easy victory over a Africa is banned from internamodest field of mainly Northern Irish runners.

Although the time was some 31

It was Budd's third race since

making her comeback from injuries that threatened her career.

tional sport because of its policy of apartheid.

After Saturday's race Budd seconds slower than her fastest said she had no immediate comever time for the distance which petitive plans, although she might she achieved in Norway three run in the World Cross Country years ago, she said it was fully two minutes faster than she had next March.

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Piquet, of Brazil, is the current leader in the drivers' standings with 63 points but never got out of the pits Saturday. His clutch died after the morning practice and, after the rains

have been working hard all year and improving all the time. In the

first race of the year, we were 41/2

half seconds away from the

Mansell still kept his record of starting on the front row for every Grand Prix this year.

"I'm not disappointed about not being on the pole. It's the

race that important," he said. Berger agreed: "The pole posi-

tion is always good, but the im-

portant thing is tomorrow's

The fastest lap by the Ferrari ended a string of nine straight poles for the Wiliams-Honda

team. It has been dominating the

makers race this year and has 10

overall - seven for Mansell and

three for Piquet. They have com-

bined to win the last seven Grand

Prix races, with Piquet taking three of the last four.

came, his team decided to let the 1:18.164 from Friday hold up for fourth place in the starting order for Sunday's 70-lap race.

Ereshman football

NEW YORK (AP) — College LONDON (R) — Striker Kerry He replied with what he is good football's freshman sensation of Dixon left Chelsea's Stamford at and that's a goal. I am pleased

1987 might be emerging out of the southeast. Emmitt Smith, touted as the top high school runner a year

ago, rushed 39 times for 224 yards and two touchdowns in his first collegiate start Saturday as Florida upset no. 11 Alabama 23-14. The loss was the first in three

games for the crimson tide under new coach Bill Curry and came a week after Alabama defeated defending national champion Penn State. Smith broke the singlegame school record of 218 yards that had stood for 57 years.

In other games involving rank-ed teams, it was no. 4 LSU 49, Rice 16; no. 5 Ohio State 24, Oregon 14: no. 7 Florida State 41. Memphis State 24; no. 8 Clemson 21; no. 18 Georgia 20; no. 9 Notre Dame 31; no. 17 Michigan State 8; Texas A-and-M 29, no. 10 Washington 12; no. 12 Arkansas 30, Tulsa 15; no. 13 Ucla 17, Fresno State 0; no. 15 Arizona State 31, Pacific 12; Temple 24, no. 16 Pittsburgh 21: no. 19 Michigan 44, Washington State 18; and no. 20 Penn State 41, Cincinnati 0.; no. 4 Louisiana st. 49, Rice 16.

Mezzadri downs Smid in Geneva Open finals

GENEVA (AP) — Claudio Mez-zadri of Switzerland defeated Tomas Smid of Czechoslovakia. als at Rome, I have more confi-dence in my potential," he said. Smid, who won the Geneva 6-4, 7-5, Sunday to win the \$231,000 Geneva Open men's ter Mezzadri's backhand passing tennis tournament.

The 22-year-old unseeded Swiss had ousted seeded Swedes Joakim Nystrom in the second round and Ulf Stenlund in the semifinals on his way to becoming and served out to win the 48the first Swiss to win a Grand Prix minute set. title since Heinz Guenthardt at Toulouse in 1983. Mezzadri, ranked 61st worl-

dwide, did not appear to have match with a forehand crossbeen tired by Saturday's 3-hour-39-minute match against Stenlund as he ousted Smid, a Czech Davis Cup player and Mezzadri's doubles partner. It was Mezzadn's first Grand Prix final. "This is the best day of my life.

The semifinal was much more difficult, but I felt good today, especially since the exchanges were so short," said Mezzadri, who hit 39 winners in pocketing the \$40,000 first prize money, the largest of his career.

Sunday. Smid had lost in the Geneva finals to Bjorn Borg in 1981 and Mats Wilander in 1982.



Chelsea's Clarke puts one over on Bannister but the Rangers man had

Dixon sparkles but future with Chelsea remains uncertain

Bridge ground on Saturday with he got it," said Hollins. two bottles of champagne as a reward for his man-of-the-match display — but his prize may be put on ice.

Dixon hit the winner as Chelsea beat Norwich 1-0 to climb to third in the English First Division, but celebrations could be premature with his first team place at the London Club still not guaranteed.

The discarded England player's protracted problems figured prominently in Chelsea's troubled 1986-87 season, and they were underlined by a reported halftime row with manager John Hollins at a match two weeks ago and his subsequent relegation to the substitute's bench for last week's 3-1 defeat at local rivals Queen's Park Rangers. Dixon returned to face Nor-

wich after a knee injury ruled out Gordon Durie, but Hollins would not say whether Dixon would have been recalled in any case. "That is the 64,000 dollar question. He took his goal well, he was very bright, looked sharp and

could have had a couple more.

Dixon, who has made eight

England appearances since 1985 without being able to establish his place, said: "I don't like being out of the side because I feel I can contribute a lot to the team.

"There's not a lot I can do about it and I have decided it's best to do what is asked of me. I don't want all the aggravation that I had last year. That was a nightmare. "I have 18 months of my con-

tract still to run and I have to

accept that the club will do what

they want with me. If they want to sell me they will. If they want me to stay then I stay," he added. While Dixon may be cautious about celebrating, midfielder Richard Hill is unlikely to have any such reservations after a dream debut for Oxford United

the day before his 24th birthday on Sunday. Hill, who was playing Fourth Division soccer just over four months ago, fired the first goal 15 minutes as Oxford beat leaders Queen's Park Rangers 2-0 and ended their seven-match unbeaten league sequence.

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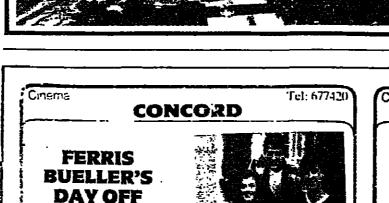
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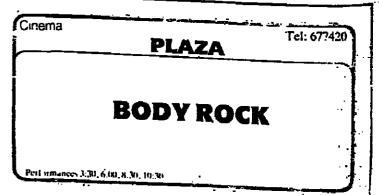
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Bangladesh, India impose new taxes to fight floods, drought

DHAKA (Agencies) — Bang-ladesh said on Sunday it was increasing taxes on incomes and luxuries to pay for relief operations after the worst flooding in 40 years.

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Finance Minister Mohammad Syeduzzaman told a news conference there would be a six per cent surcharge on income tax for this fiscal year, which began in July. Surcharges of between five and

10 per cent would be imposed on liquor, cigarettes, restaurant bills and cinemas to generate an extra 1.15 billion taka (\$37 million), he said.

He said banks had been asked to impose a four per cent levy on interest on savings accounts, time

deposits and securities. A similar four per cent levy would be imposed on telephone

and telex charges, he said. All ministers and deputy ministers would donate 10 per cent of their basic salaries to the flood disaster fund and there would be a 2.5 per cent cut in government salaries generally, he said.

He said the government also planned to divert funds from some city development programmes to rebuild roads and help farmers in the devastated regions. The floods, following heavy rains in July, have destroyed

crops and property worth about 70 billion taka (\$2 billion). The floods also killed more than 800 people, according to official figures, and made nearly

20 million homeless. President Hossain Mohammad Ershad had said he would need at least \$100 million to help rehabilitate those afflicted and stave off a

Mr. Syeduzzaman said friendly nations had sent \$12 million worth of relief materials and 350,000 tonnes of grain. Another \$2.9 million in cash had been promised by various Red Cross, government and semi-govern-

In New Delhi, the government on Saturday announced new taxes worth \$423 million on upper income groups and custom duties to finance drought relief prog-

ment agencies.

Finance Secretary S. Venkitraman said that an additional five per cent tax will be imposed on those who earn more than 50,000 rupees (\$3,846) per year. The new levy will be applicable only

A similar five per cent charge will be imposed on corporate profits above 50,000 rupees, he

About \$16.9 million are expected to be raised in direct taxes while an equal amount is to be collected in increased customs duties on all imports except for edible oils, life saving drugs, fertilizers and some chemicals.

A 10 per cent surcharge is being imposed on domestic airfares and a similar increase on airconditioned and first class railway fares.

The new levies come under a new drive to raise money to meet the worst drought in a century. At least 16 of India's 25 states are affected by failure of the annual monsoon rains.

Thousands of cattle have perished and millions of poor people in rural areas are forced to survive on wild roots and herbs.

The government has tried to cut administrative spending and (\$1.8 billion). ordered that foreign trips by ministers be curtailed.

FORECAST FOR MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 21, 1987

YOUR HOROSCOPE

From the Carroll Righter Institute

GENERAL TENDENCIES: If you allow yourself to feel imposed upon or frustrated, annoyances and unhappiness will follow. Maintain your poise and avoid disagreements. Try to remain cheerful and

smiling today.

ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) Don't let a secret worry prevent you from handling your responsibilities. Say nothing which could start a distracting argument with your mate.

Avoid any delays.

TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20) If the CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20) sure to remain objective and don't let the problem become yours. Be polite in conversation. Be very tactful todav in business.

GEMINI (May 21 to June 21) Be exact when handling business and credit matters. This will get your week off to a good start. Don't ask

any big favors today, but wait until later and try again.

MOON CHILDREN (June 22 to
Jul, 21) This would be a bed time to
begin any new projects. Don't listen

to advice from a person whose opinions you don't respect. Enjoy your home and family tonight. LEO (Jul. 22 to Aug. 21) Be sure to stick "to the letter" when dealing with contracts or agreements. Think of your true feelings to avoid

an argument with your mate. Tone down your attitude.
VIRGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22) An associate is apt to be stubborn, so drop the subject until later. This is not a good day to get into any public or charity work. Avoid arguments with friends.

LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) You may find it difficult to get your surroundings in the order you want, so concentrate on your personal well-being and be happy. Enjoy a hob-

by tonight. SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21) A troubled friend could upset you, but be kind since this person is sick in some way. Don't indulge in an expensive pleasure. Keep your poise and avoid trouble.

SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21) If a close tie has problems, be a good listener. Show your devotion not a good day or evening for enter-

Don't make any new friends too quickly today since they may be harmful to your career. Avoid any people who like to argue.

AQUARIUS (Jan. 21 to Feb. 19)

Plan how you'll get your financial ideas across to others, but don't

ideas across to others, but don't take action yet. You may have a unique and profitable idea, so guard it very carefully.

PISCES (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20) See if you can get out of a foolish promise you've made, but be tactful. This is not a good day to force your way into new relationships. Take it easy and get some rest tonight.

If Your child is Born Today Your child will be very sensitive

Your child will be very sensitive and artistic and should be taught to be objective and not so easily hurt by others. He or she will be most cultured and will be good at detailed work, handling both business and art cleverly. Strong discipline should be avoided here, whether your progeny is a boy or a

"The Stars impel; they do not compel." What you make of your-life is largely up to you!

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Soviet Union slows rise in trade deficit with West

the red in the first six months of 1987, but a decline in imports cut the trade deficit by more than half in comparison with January-June 1986, official figures show.

Foreign trade ministry figures published by the official TASS news agency showed that exports and imports both fell in volume for a total trade turnover with the West of 13.7 billion roubles (\$21.9 billion) from January to

Trade turnover with the West in the first half of 1986 stood at 15.3 billion roubles (\$24.5 billion at September 1987 exchange

TASS said imports from the West declined by almost 1.5 bil-lion roubles (\$2.4 billion) from January-June levels last year, while exports remained nearly

stationary.
This would put January-June Soviet imports from the West at 7.3 billion roubles (\$11.7 billion) and exports at 6.4 billion roubles (\$10.2 billion) for a deficit of 0.9 billion roubles (\$1.5 billion).

The trade deficit with the West in the first six months of 1986 stood at 2.3 billion roubles (\$3.7 billion at current exchange rates). as prices fell for oil, the chief Soviet export earner.

The TASS summary of the half-yearly trade results provided no information on products traded by the Soviet Union.
It said West Germany remained Moscow's biggest West-

ern trading partner, with exports to the Soviet Union totalling 1.4 billion roubles (\$2.2 billion and imports worth 1.1 billion roubles

Meanwhile, a top economist said that Soviet reforms are tion, according to Die Zeit. aimed at enabling the Soviet Union to catch up with the Western industrialised nations in 15 to 20

MOSCOW (Agencies) — Soviet In an interview with the respected Hamburg weekly magazine ected Hamburg weekly magazine Die Zeit, Mr. Abdel Agabengyan said the restructuring of the Soviet economy was designed to achieve the highest possible productivity and to make the Soviet economy competitive with the

> A rigid, centrally planned economy made sense for the Soviet Union before World War II as the communist government tried to build up the country's industries, he told Die Zeit.

"In the past, (government) commands made up the motor of development. Now that role should be played by economic interests of the (state) enterprises," Mr. Agabengyan was quoted as saying.

He said that by 1990, about 60 per cent of the state enterprises should be getting their produc-tion orders directly from consum-ers, bypassing the central ministries in Moscow.

Mr. Agabengyan also said the Soviet government planned to reduce the number of centrallyset prices and was considering reducing state subsidies for meat. milk products and bread, according to Die Zeit.

This was expected to result in price hikes but the Soviets did not believe they would lead to an inflation rate of between eight and nine per cent as in Hungary, Mr. Agabengyan told Die Zeit. Hungary was the first Soviet ally to experiment with selected reforms that allowed more market influence on its economy.

He said between 10,000 and 15,000 bureaucrats were expected to be affected by the planned trimming down of the administra-

Old habits presented the big-gest obstacle facing the planned reforms, Mr. Agabengyan told the weekly.

Hungarian parliament passes new tax laws in lively debate

BUDAPEST (R) - Hungary's families hard. parliament voted in favour of introducing income tax and Eastern Europe's first taste of value added tax (VAT) on Saturday after its liveliest debate in 40

The 340-member assembly, once a docile rubber-stamp body, inserted dozens of amendments before voting for the government's tax bills, part of a programme to revive Hungary's deeply troubled economy.

Deputies scrambled to the nearest microphone to speak frankly about the laws under which Hungarians will have to pay income tax rising to a maximum 60 per cent and Westernstyle VAT on goods and services of up to 25 per cent from next

One Western diplomat said: The amendments were mostly technical and the main thrust of the laws has gone through. But the debate shows that parliament has some power now.

Some members drew enthusiastic applause from around the ornate chamber when they expressed fears that the new taxes would hit pensioners and large

But Finance Minister Peter Medgyessy had earlier announced measures such as higher family allowances and pensions to relieve hardship.

At the end of the unpre-

cedented four-day session - parliament normally meets for just four, two-day sessions a year the laws were passed by a large majorities. Nevertheless, 10 deputies

voted against the income tax bill and 21 abstained in a show of dissent rare elsewhere in communist Eastern Europe where legislation is normally passed unanimously. Only one member opposed the VAT bill.

Mr. Medgyessy told the debate on Friday that tax reform was vital in restructuring the Hunga-rian economy so that it could compete in world markets. 'Radical alteration of the financial system, the price and tax reform form a decisive element of

the economic reform process." The authorities are grappling with a soaring trade deficit with the West and rapid growth in hard currency debt to more than

Branko Mikulic said.

and export-oriented.

moratorium was needed to make

the economy more productive

Tanjug said the move had been

approved by the country's top

leadership — the collective state

presidency and the presidency of the ruling Communist Party.

Mr. Mikulic told leading eco-

nomists at the Zagreb interna-

tional fair that Yugoslavia did not

take full advantage of a three-

year moratorium on repayment

of debt principal which ended last

He said half the foreign debt

"If we reach a satisfactory

was incurred through bad invest-

arrangement with foreign credi-

tors again, we must have our own

programme of economy restruc-

ments and overspending.

Sambre.

KUWAIT (AP) - A leading Kuwaiti commercial

bank has put the combined oil revenues of the Gulf

Cooperation Council (GCC) member states at \$32

billion in 1986, just half of their level in 1984, but

said a partial recovery to \$37 billion was expected

for 1987.

Oman.

prices spiralled.

"The vagaries of the world

energy market have made of 1986

a particularly uncertain year for

Gulf economies," according to

the periodical economic bulletin

of the National Bank of Kuwait

The GCC is a six-year-old eco-

nomic and security alliance that

groups Saudi Arabia, the world's

largest net exporter of crude oil, Kuwait, Qatar, the United Arab Emirates, (UAE), Bahrain and

The first four are ranking mem-

bers of the 13-nation Organisa-

tion of Petroleum Exporting

Countries (OPEC), whose hey-day was in the 1970s when oil

The six countries have seen

their oil revenues, backbone of

their economies, slipping as the

oil market began to weaken in the

(NBK), released last week.

Industry ministers will on Monday debate the proposals designed to enable the industry to scrap spare capacity, currently estimated at 30 million tonnes a

The plan, drawn up by the 12-nation bloc's executive commission, has been sharply criticised by most EC steelmakers, governments and trade unions.

gian daily Le Soir, he called the

(would be) sacrificed on the altar

special fund to aid those that did. The money would help rehabilitate regions blighted by closures and pay for redundant steelworkers to train for new jobs. price the steel firms will have to pay to persuade EC Industry Commissioner Karl-Heinz Narjes to maintain a system of production quotas for different types of

turing for the ailing industry.

panies did not come up with the not yet ready for free competition.

The Kuwaiti bank noted that The NBK, Kuwait's largest the sharp swings in oil prices have commercial bank, said that the thrown fiscal planning in the collapse of oil prices in early 1986 GCC countries off course and "gave a new turn to the prevailing that Saudi Arabia and Qatar recessionary trends, prompting failed to produce budgets in 1986.

"With the recent improvement in oil prospects, most Gulf states felt confident to announce 1987 budgets," it said.

The NBK's study predicted that the GCC states would continue to run the budget deficits that started in 1983 for another two years, and fall back on their reserves to cushion their balance

of payments. After Bahrain and Oman which started recently to issue treasury bills, Kuwait is at present considering a domestic public debt programme. "It is worth mentioning that the Sultanate of Oman has already tapped the Euromarkets and that the UAE government is borrowing directly

from local banks. In contrast, Saudi Arabia and Qatar have no plans to tap the resources of their domestic markets," the report

EC begins talks today on steel reform plan

Manakh crashed in 1982 under down on reserves," the bank

Kuwaiti bank estimates GCC oil

dated checks.

growth path."

for qualitatively different answers

termed as "counter-oil shock of

the mid-eighties" as beneficiary

in that it gave "a fresh impetus to

the salutory process of bringing

the local economies to a more

The report said that the GCC

efficient, and hence sustainable,

governments were taking mea-

sures to alleviate the impact of

weak oil prices including the

rationalisation of government ex-

penditure "a common euphem-

The public expenditure in the

six states have been cut by 10 to 15 per cent. "Yet, what is more genuinely new is the recognition

by most of Gulf states of the

merits of public debt as a comple-

ment to belt-tightening and draw-

ism for belt-tightening."

The bank viewed what it

to current problems."

revenues at \$37 billion in 1987

BRUSSELS (R) - The European Community (EC) this week makes a fresh bid to scale down its steel industry, with ministers under heavy pressure to ease unpopular proposals that could cost 80,000 jobs.

The latest attack came at the

Yugoslavia needs three years

moratorium to repay creditors

BELGRADE (R) — Yugoslavia turing and other reforms ... will seek a three-year moratorium otherwise we would be heading

on repayment of its \$19 billion for even deeper crisis," Mr.

Mr. Mikulic, in comments re- with creditors, scheduled for

ported on Saturday by the official September, had been postponed,

Tanjug news agency, said the possibly until next month.

foreign debt, Prime Minister Mikulic noted.

weekend from Mr. Jean Gandois, chairman of Belgium's Cockerill In an interview with the Bel-

early 1980's by a glut on the world oil market. The prices plum-

meted to a record low early 1986

but an OPEC curtailment of out-

out late in the year has helped

decade of frantic growth in Gulf

economies, has now come to a

principally from structural con-

straints such as low absorption

capacity and near-completion of

infrastructure, was compounded

by such conjectural factors as the

lingering Iraq-Iran war and the

collapse of Kuwait's parallel stock market in 1982," it added.

tering its eighth year, has helped

dampen the economies of the

region, and Kuwait's Souk Al

The protracted Gulf war, en-

sudden halt," the bank said.

"The oil boom, which fuelled a

"The slowdown, stemming

improve the prices.

plans inquitous and said he expected ministers to tell the commission to think again. "The weakest or poorest

of the strongest," Mr. Gandois complained. Under the proposals, steel firms which did not shut plants would have to contribute to a

Yugoslav officials said talks

Preliminary talks on Yugosla-

via's debt opened last week in

Belgrade with representatives of

the International Monetary

Fund. No details have emerged.

repayment rate put too heavy a

burden on the economy, ham-

pered by 116 per cent inflation

In May, Yugoslavia rescheduled part of its debt due this and

next year to 16 Western creditors

July it missed repayments of \$245

million because of a serious fore-

According to government fi-gures, Third World countries owe Yugoslavia about \$2 billion, but

serious difficulties have been re-

ported in collecting the money.

and commercial banks, but in

and low productivity.

ign currency shortage.

Mr. Mikulic said the present

Quotas, in operation for seven years in the EC, protect steel firms from price-cutting competition by ensuring that demand does not greatly exceed supply.

> Mr. Narjes told a news conference last Friday he hoped the meeting would give the green light for a new phase of restruc-

Mr. Narjes warned that if com-

firm commitments on production The \$700 million fund is the cuts by Nov. 30, the quota system would expire at the end of this Diplomats said the most diffi-

cult area for cuts is the heavy steel products made in integrated steel plants which employ thousands of workers and are often state-owned.

They said five or six of these huge plants should close in the EC but the political and social impact of closure was so large that governments had shrunk from taking the necessary deci-

Steelmakers, particularly in West Germany, Belgium, Italy and France, argue the market is

Study calls for greater efforts to curb growing toxic wastes

WASHINGTON (R) - Pesti- author, said: "Unfortunately, cides used on farms and industrial knowledge of the harmful effects waste dumped into rivers and of these compounds has lagged lakes are posing widespread risks to human health, the Worldwatch the marketplace. Most governnstitute said in a report released

on Saturday. But the environmental advocacy group said that the use of technologies and methods already available "could cut pesticide use by half and the creation of industrial waste by a third over the next decade."

The report said toxic waste dangers had been underscored by the gas leak at a chemical plant in Bhopal, India, which killed more than 2,000 people, and the pesti-cide spill near Basel, Switzerland,

which polluted the Rhine River. The report said annual production of chemicals had risen 15fold in the United States over the last 40 years and that worldwide, 70,000 different chemicals were in everyday use.

Pesticides kill 10,000-40,000 people a year, she said. Ms. Postel said that by promot-

chemicals.

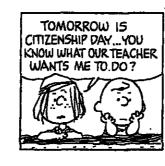
the extent of human exposure to

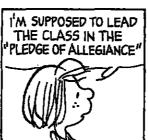
ing a programme called inte-grated pest management (IMP) as a way to control toxic use and waste, governments can reconcile business profits with protecting health and the environment.

Under the programme, she said, farmers control pests with natural biological enemies, such as harmless insects that kill harmful insects, planting patterns and using pesticides as a last resort

rather than a first line attack. In addition, industries can recycle waste and use safer raw

Peanuts









Mutt'n' Jeff



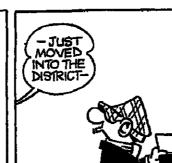


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Andy Capp



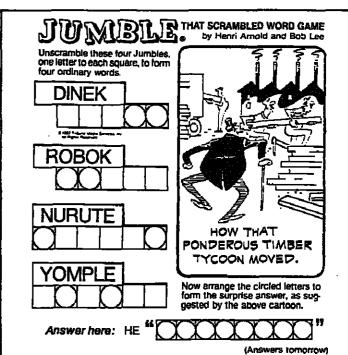








our cockroaches as 'tenants'!"



Jumbles: BARGE AMITY MELCOY DRUDGE Answer: What the boss thought he was—MADE TO ORDER

1 Cultivate 5 Indictment nssponse 8 Twelve dozen 14 Understanding words 15 Tear violently 16 Choir attire 17 Rock under a blow 18 Aplece 19 Dodge 20 Looks lovingly 23 Loop trains 24 Seance sound 25 Steal from 25 Steal from 28 Ejected 31 — monster 35 Calendar abbi 36 Kingston singers 37 CPA job 38 Look out for No. 1 42 Examines judicially 43 impose (a tax) 44 Baba 45 Mentally © 1987 Tribune Media Services, Inc. All Pights Reserved Yesterday's Puzzle Solved: MERE MARE FREIT SMILL ADOT MANDY SUMMONUPCOURAGE SMILLE FILE MOS COT OCTOSISS GITTERE GOD HARE GARDE SOLOS HEA GETUPTREBERYE ART SORAS COATH AGES FULL MOTION AMERIST GOD GDA TOU GARAN GOMEDITOSIGNATION MARTS OCEO TEXT 46 Beint 48 Dry as wine 49 Haggard now 50 Galoot 52 Tritle (with) 13 Fast jets 21 Two-toed Large collections Knight's title Ostmeal (Angoras Support Crazy Iowa city Proponent was —" (Twain) Ms Foch DOWN

THE Daily Crossword by Diana C. Baldwi

COLUMNS 768

Mother of Kings wins film festival

200,000 people reportedly escape Philippine fighting

MANILA (R) — About 200,000 people have fled their homes in the Philippine countryside during the past two years because of army operations against Communist insurgents, a human rights group said on Sunday.

The refugees, mostly on Mindanao Island in the south, were now staying in government evacuation centres, in army-guarded hamlets or with relatives, the church-backed Ecumenical Movement for Displaced Families and Communities said.

The people are usually herded into relocation centres or strategic hamlets ... reminiscent of the strategic hamlets of Vietnam." the group said, adding that the retugees did not have enough

A group spokesman said some had returned to their villages but most refused to go back for fear of being caught in the crossfire or being suspected as rebels or their sympathisers.

The movement said 60,000 people fled their homes in the first eight months of this year and about 120,000 last year. "The statistics do not reveal

the gory details of the inhumanity inflicted on the families and com-

"In all areas affected, people are dispossessed of their lands with no just compensation and there is neither available assistance nor employment to absorb them," it added.

It said many civilians had been victims of army abuses — such as rape, looting and executions during military operations.

The Communist New People's Army, which has been fighting a guerrilla war for 18 years, has grown from 300 armed regulars in 1969 to an estimated 23,000 at

Human rights groups attribute the dramatic growth largely to abuses by troops under former President Ferdinand Marcos. ousted in a popularly-backed army revolt in February 1986. President Corazon Aquino be-

gan peace talks with the rebels last December but the negotiations collapsed in February.

"Displacement of families and

in the countryside," the move-ment said in its official publication. Monitor.

Developments ... following the February revolution were not much better than what civilians have suffered in previous years. it added.

Winnie Mandela

Mandela

TV film

JOHANNESBURGH (R) -

Black South African anti-apar-theid activist Winnie Mandela has

instructed her lawyers to stop British television screening a film

about her life with jailed nationalist leader Nelson Man-

Family lawyers told reporters

on Sunday they were trying to halt the film, scheduled for

broadcast next Thursday on

Winnie Mandela, a veteran

campaigner against white

domination whose husband was

jailed for life in 1964, told Johan-

nesburg's Sunday Times she had

not been consulted about the

film, made in Zimbabwe last

cashing in on the name of the

"These people should please leave us alone," she added. "This

film serves no political purpose

and was made solely for commer-

Mrs. Mandela's lawyers said

The Mandelas were married in

1958, four years before Nelson

Mandela, a leader of the out-

lawed African National Congress

(ANC) guerrilla group, was

arrested and put on trial for

plotting to overthrow the govern-

the last quarter century in max-

imum security jails, Winnie Man-

dela has been repeatedly

punished by the white author-

While her husband has spent

they expected a reply from the

British producers on Monday.

" she said.

cial reasons.

'The producers are just

President Corazon Aquino. still recovering from the shock of a rightist coup attempt, faces the threat of major protests from the left after the murder of a top tries to stop left-wing leader.

Leftlist groups implicitly blamed right-wing army extremists for the assassination of Leandro Alejandro on Saturday and called for the resignation of the Aquino government.

We are fed up with express-

ions of sympathy from the Aquino government ... we de-mand the resignation of the entire government." a leftist spokesman said in a radio broadcast on

Mr. Aleiandro, secretarygeneral of the leftist coalition New Patriotic Alliance (Bavan), was shot dead by unidentified men outside the coalition's Manila headquarters. He was the second major leftist figure to be assassinated in 10 months.

Irish police probe report of plot to kill Haughey

DUBLIN (Agencies) - Irish to shoot Mr. Haughey in Novempolice are probing a report that ber to mark the second Protestant extremists from Northern Ireland planned to assassinate Prime Minister Charles Haughey, police sources said on Sunday

The Sunday World newspaper, citing sources in the Ulster Defence Association (UDA), said paramilitaries had hired a former British soldier from Scotland to carry out the attack because the gunman was an expert marksman unknown to British or Irish

Ireland's leading tabloid news-paper said the UDA had also made contingency plans to assassingte Irish Foreign Minister Brian Lenihan or his predecessor Peter Barry. Police sources said they were

treating the report seriously. No arrests have been made but detectives are studying secret UDA documents, the sources said.

A UDA spokesman, asked to comment on the newspaper report, said: "It's an attempt to malign the UDA, part of an ongoing campaign to have the organisation outlawed."

The UDA is the largest Protestant paramilitary faction in Northern Ireland, where Irish nationalist guerrillas are battling to oust the British.

The Sunday World said the bired assassin would use a anniversary of a controversial Anglo-Irish Accord on Northern Ireland.

The accord, which gave Dublin a say in the daily running of Northern Ireland, is bitterly resented by Protestant hardliners who see it as a British government sellout on the road to unification of the province with the Irish Republic.

The Sunday World said the UDA had a contingency plan lined up in case the Haughey assassination attempt failed. It said the organisation planned to kill either Mr. Lenihan or Mr. Barry with a remote-controlled The UDA claimed responsibil-

ity in 1974 for car bomb attacks in Dublin which killed 30 people. The newspaper report said the UDA was also planning a bombing campaign this autumn in Dublin and named five targets leading hotels and department

> N. Ireland secretary flies to U.S.

Meanwhile, Britain's secretary for Northern Ireiand flew to the United States on Saturday for a two-week tour to attract industrial investment to the province.

Mr. King is to meet with U.S.



Charles Haughey

commerce, and what the government described as prominent figures from public life.

He is expected to visit the American headquarters of firms such as Boeing and General Motors that have plants in Ulster or are in business partnership with Northern Ireland companies. Details of his itinerary were not made public for security

As a member of Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher's cabinet and the top government official in the province torn by sectarian war-fare. Mr. King, 54, is closely guarded. Three people were arrested near his country home on Aug. 30 and charged with

Before leaving, Mr. King said he intended to explain British policies in Northern Ireland, and discuss "the opportunities that there are for political and economic progress.

for killing

days of Senate testimony in his Court justice, has said he will "give everybody a fair shake" if The extraordinary weekend

cided about the nomination.

making powers.

We have reason to think you're against us. Sen Specter said. Why should we confirm semeone who is likely to rule

"The impression I always sided with the president is wrong," Mr. Bork said. "My record is not one of unvarying support for the ex-ecutive branch. I will give you a fair shake. I will give everybody a

Committee Chairman Joseph R. Biden, a Democrat who previously stated his opposition to Mr. Bork, wrapped up the 312hour Saturday session with praise for the nominee as "an honour-

Mr. Reagan used his weekly radio address on Saturday to urge support for Mr. Bork.

Mr. Reagan said there has been "a jot of talk to the effect that Judge Bork was some kind of political ideologue. In truth, Judge Bork's philosophy is neither conservative nor liberal."

officers held **Indians**

(AP) - A civilian judge said he has ordered the arrests of two military officers for questioning in the investigation into the killings of at least 16 Indians four

His decision reversed an earlier

were killed in February 1983.

However, members of the National Indigenous Association have said 74 Indians were taken

Gonzalez Arauj, now quarter-master general of the armed forces, said the 16 Indians were guerrillas and were killed in combat against troops under his com-

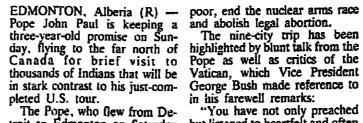
Judge Bonilla Lopez's prede-cessor. Judge Rogelio Iraheta Moreno, last April ordered suspension of proceedings against Col. Gonzalez Araujo. Capt. Figueroa, another officer and 11 local civil defencemen. Six of the civil defencemen had been

arrested and were released. But several days later, prosecutors appealed the decision, saying there had not been a sufficient investigation and there was

The case was reopened and several new witnesses were ques-

Col. Gonzalez Araujo told reporters after the arrest warrants were issued that he would make a

Pope arrives in Canada



troit to Edmonton on Saturday night, travels to the ancient native meeting place of Fort Simp-son in the North West Territories, just 500 kilometres south of Arctic circle, to meet Indians and Eskimos.

He is keeping a promise made when dense fog stopped his plane from landing at the remote out-post during a tour of Canada in

The Pope will encounter different conditions and hear very different concerns from his U.S. tour, when he constantly lectured Americans on the dangers of materialism and the responsibilities of their enormous wealth and

In Fort Simpson he will be told of the problems of alcoholism. suicide and a 25 per cent unemployment rate.

A week-long liquor ban has been imposed on Fort Simpson, reflecting the problems of alco-holism in the area. Native leaders will ask him to

support their demands for more rights over their land and natural resources and greater autonomy.

"What they discuss in the United States are the issues of an affluent, over-spoiled society. We have more basic issues to settle in the north — issues of survival," Parish Priest George La Grange told Reuters.

Native leaders want greater control over billions of dollars revenue from oil, gas and minerals in the area and are also pushing for some form of self-govern-

The native peoples are likely to get a sympathetic ear from the Pope. He made an outspoken speech backing Aboriginal rights during a visit to Australia last year and has strongly defended the rights of South American

Fort Simpson's normal population of 1.000 has swelled six-fold for the Pope's visit which coincides with a three-day Indian

Many Indians have interrupted their autumn hunt for moose, caribou and other animals to attend the event.

Pope John Paul left the United States on Saturday night with a challenge to America to feed its

The nine-city trip has been highlighted by blunt talk from the Pope as well as critics of the Vatican, which Vice President George Bush made reference to in his farewell remarks:

You have not only preached but listened to heartfelt and often painful dissent. Yet you have infused your moral authority with love and your challenging spirit with joy. Mr. Bush said. The Pope was greeted by large

and cheering crowds in Detroit, giving a ringing sendoff to a tour that has been met generally with friendly but smaller-than-expected crowds.

Before boarding the plane for Canada, the Pope delivered an outspoken description of what he considers the strengths and weaknesses of the United States.

His remarks echoed a speech earlier in the day in which he urged Americans not to close themselves in a cocoon of prosperity but to share their wealth with their own poor and Third World countries.

Due to time constraints the Pope did not read one of the toughest parts of his speech, which said Americans must concentrate on "feeding the poor and wel-coming refugees, reinforcing the social fabric of this nation, promoting the true advancement of women, securing the rights of minorities, pursuing disarmament while guaranteeing legitimate defence." The remarks remain part of his official departure state-

He also launched an unusually direct and specific condemnation of the legalisation of abortion by a controversial U.S. Supreme Court decision in 1973.

Mr. Bush told Pope John Paul on Saturday that belief in God existed in many unexpected places, including the leadership of nominally atheist countries such as China and the Soviet Mr. Bush said: "Your holiness,

l have travelled widely, too, and I have witnessed startling demonstrations of faith in places where I least expected.

Mr. Bush, a former ambassa-dor to China, told the Pope that even Mao Tsetung, the founder of the Communist state, believed in God.

He said that shortly before Mao died in 1976, he told Mr. Bush, "I am going to heaven soon. I have already received an invitation from God.

Colombo reaffirms commitment to peace plan

The Tigers massacred up to /3 rival militants in the eastern district of Batticaloa last week, using weapons not surrendered under the Indo-Sri Lankan accord.

Prabhakaran said in a statement on Saturday that his party was opposed to the accord and had launched a non-violent campaign against it. Tamil protests spearheaded by

the Tigers erupted in violence on Friday when hundreds of people blockaded offices in the north and east and stormed police stations in Jaffna.

malee, four people were killed and 40 injured when Indian troops and local police broke up a riot between protesting Tamils and members of the majority Sinhalese community.

Jaffna. Thileepan is demanding

that Colombo free remaining Tamil prisoners and halt Sinhalese "colonisation" of the nort and east.

Mr. Jayewardene, facing criticism over the pact from his own party, said that under the constitution the president could declare war or peace. "I have declared peace."

Minister leaves hospital

Meanwhile National Security Minister Lalith Athulathmudali, who was seriously injured in a grenade attack inside parliament last month, left the hospital Saturday after a 31-day stay and three operations.

A large crowd of supporters waited near the hospital gates to welcome the minister, who looked pale and thin. Doctors performed three surgical operations to remove 18 pieces of shrapnel from his body.

Mr. Athulathmudali was one of the 15 lawmakers and ministers injured when suspected Sinhalese terrorists threw hand grenades inside a committee room in the parliament building on Aug. 18. Two people were killed.

WARSAW, Poland (AP) - Janusz Zaorski's formerly banned movie Mother of Kings took top honours in an annual Polish film festival. A jury awarded the Golden Gdansk Lions Prize to the film at the 12th annual Festival of Polish Feature Films, held this year in the coastal city of Gdynia. Mother of Kings, which frankly discusses the Stalinist purges of the 1950s as seen from the viewpoint of the mother of four Communists. It was one of several movies that have been released in recent months although previously banned by censors. Besides Mother of Kings, they include Krzysztof Kieslowski's Ine Incident and Tomasz Zygadlo's The Guide and Childhood Scenes From Country Life. And Polish television intends to broadcast later this month the long-banned movie by Agnieszka Holland, The Lonely Woman. But censors have refused to release another controversial film by Ms. Holland, The Interrogation, a Kafka-like account of one woman's groundless imprisonment in Poland during the 1950s.

Titanic artifacts arrive in France

LORIENT. France (AP) - Jewellery and wine bottles recovered from the sunken Titanic were among hundreds of items that arrived in this military port Saturday en route to Paris to be shown on television next month. A huge crate was unloaded at this Brittany port in north eastern France from the Abeille Supporter. the support ship that took part in a seven-week diving expedition that ended Sept. 9. Customs officials and a state prosecutor were the only people to whom a list of crate's contents was presented. Taurus International, a French-based company that organised the expedition, was said in the past that plates, wine bottles, a leather satchel and jewellery are among the items recovered. The salvaged items, kept in a saline solution to avoid decomposition. were placed in an armoured car for transport to Paris. The Titanic, billed as unsinkable, hit an iceberg on its maiden voyage on April 14, 1912, and sank in the northern Atlantic, about 900 kilometres off the coast of Greeland. More than 1,500 of the 2,200 passengers aboard died.

Man charged with stealing rare books

NEW CITY, New York (AP) — A New Jersey man was charged with grand larceny in connection with the disappearance of more than \$62,000 worth of rare books from a warehouse, authorities said. The books were limited edition reprints of literary master-pieces, including the works of Leonardo Da Vinci and T.S. Eliot. said Rockland County District Attorney Kenneth Gribetz. Gribetz said Ignatius Ciannamea, 41, was charged with seconddegree grand larceny for stealing the books from the warehouse of the Johnson Reprint Co.'s Academic Press in Pallisades last year. The indictment against Ciannamea was announced after his arraignment in Rockland county court. He was released on \$10,000 bail. Ciannamea allegedly stole the books while he was a supervisor in the warehouse between January and August 1986 and sold them to book stores in New Jersey and New York City to finance an alleged cocaine habit. Gribetz said.

Dried blood of patron saint 'liquifies'

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NAPLES, Italy (AP) — The dried blood of St. Januarius reportedly turned to liquid after Archbishop Michele Giordano implored the city's patron saint to "give us a sign of your suffering and your love." About 5,000 Neapolitans packing the city's cathedral prayed and pleaded to the saint, while Giordano told them that "to re-establish the dominion of good over bad, we must suffer." After about 30 minutes, the dried blood contained in two glass ampules was reported to have liquified, prompting the congregation to erupt into cheers, applause and predictions of good luck for the city. According to tradition, the blood of the martyred saint almost always turns to liquid twice a year: On Sept. 19, the date marking his decapitation in 305 A.D. under the persecution of Emperor Diocletian; and on the first Saturday of May, commemorating the transfer of St. Januarius body to Naples. The dried blood also reportedly turned to liquid on June 27, the day Giordano officially took over the archdiocese from retired Cardinal Corrado Ursi. Failure of the dry blood to liquify is seen by Neapolitans as a sign of bad luck and disaster to come. The Vatican has not classified the reported liquification as a miracle and generally disapproves of the way it is linked to misfortune.

Fergie shaken at wildlife show

GREENWICH, Connecticut (AP) - The Duchess of York was visibly shaken at a charity fund-raiser when a writhing Burmese python was brought out during a wildlife exhibition. "I can't." she said, recoiling, breaking into tears and moving behind her husband, Prince Andrew, and mother, Susan Barrantes, when television naturalist Jim Fowler brought out the 12-foot (fourmetre) snake. "I can't." The duchess, the former Sarah Ferguson, refused to look up and staved back in the crowd until the snake demonstration was over. The demonstration was part of a day that was to have included a polo game, but that was scratched because of wet weather. The demonstration preceded a \$250-aperson luncheon in tents set up along the polo grounds. All events were for the benefit of the World Wildlife Fund, and the Friends of the Masai Mara, a game preserve in Kenya, and the Tate Gallery in London, of which the duchess is a royal patron. Fowler told reporters after the 15-minute demonstration that he had no idea the duchess would have such a reaction. "You tend to be repulsed by those things that are not like us," he said. "Fear is usually the lack of knowledge. I would never have brought it near her had I known." Asked if the snake had a name, Fowler laughed and said. "I guess it's 'killer' from now on." He said that he would talk with the duchess and try to sooth her fears. After the incident, Princess Sarah regained her composure and resumed watching the show. It included demonstrations from a baby elephant named Karen. a golden eagle and a bateleur eagle from

Miss Michigan becomes Miss America

ATLANTIC CITY. New Jersey (AP) - Miss Michigan, Kaye Lani Rae Rafko, a nurse who performed a Hawaiian-Tahitian dance to shake up the talent competition, was named the 1988 Miss America. Miss Rafko is of Ukrainian descent. She said her mother named her after a woman she met from Hawaii. Wearing an off-white, lace, hand-beaded gown with a sweetheart neckline and a wide silk-taffeta flounce, the 24-year-old Miss Rafko was crowned Miss America 1988 by last year's winner, 22-year-old Kellye Cash of Tennessee. The first runner-up was Miss Louisiana Patricia Brant, 23; the second runner-up was Miss Nevada Stacie James, 23; the third runner-up was Miss Colorado La Tanya R. Hall, 22; and the fourth runner-up was Miss Mississippi Toni Seawright, 23, the first black Miss Mississippi. Contestants in the pageant this year included two other black women and one Korean-American. Miss Rafko took her victory stroll down the runway before a sell-out crowd of 26,000, as the master of ceremonies, actor Gary Collins, sang the pageant standard, "There she is." Millions watched the nationally televised competition. Miss Rafko, a green-eyed brunette, put her hands to her face and burst into tears when her name was announced. The 5-foot-10 (1.7m). 131-pound (59kg) Miss Rafko said her work as a nurse has prepared her "spiritually, emotionally, physically and mentally" for her reign as Miss America.

Sri Lankan Casanova married 20 women

COLOMBO (R) - A Sri Lankan Casanova who married 20 women and was engaged to 20 more has been arrested, the Sunday Observer newspaper reported. It said a court was told the 38-year-old man duped the women — including clerks, teachers and a doctor — by using different names and other deceptions.

The paper said a friend who planned to raise bail for the suspect changed his mind in court after finding that his sister-in-law was one of the victims.

U.S. Democrats call for negotiations to solve problems in Central America WASHINGTON (AP) - The tras and take positive actions in opposition and government lead-

solution to problems in Nicaragua should be resolved through negotiations, not through increased support for the contra rebels fighting to overthrow the government, a Democratic congressman

"At this critical juncture it is incumbent on the United States to demonstrate a sincere commitment to a negotiated solution to the conflicts in Central America." Representative Dave McCurdy said in the Democratic

response to President Ronald Reagan's weekly radio address. Mr. McCurdy stressed that change will take time. He noted that Nicaragua's Sandinista government has seven weeks in which to comply with a Central American peace plan signed last month in Guatemala by the leaders of five countries in the region - Costa Rica, Guatemala, El Salvador, Honduras and Nicar-

agua.
"It should be a time for restraint, not partisan rhetoric," he said. "I implore the Reagan administration to delay its request for further aid to the consupport of the peace process." Congress last year approved \$100 million in aid for the contras, but that runs out Sept. 30. The Reagan administration has said it will ask for \$270 million more for the rebels.

Reagan administration for its criticism of the Guatemala agree-ment. He said U.S. policy must address "the real issues, which are regional stability, demilitarisation, improve human and political rights. democratisation through self-determination and

is the issue in Central America."

Mr. McCurdy also urged Mr. Reagan "to reassure our Central American allies that the administration will whole-heartedly support the peace process."

"There is more at stake than contra aid," he said. "Our trust in our ability to forge bipartisan policy is also being tested. Meanwhile a bipartisan U.S.

ers about new peace negotiations in Central America. "We want to see how things are going with the peace plan." said

Sen. Terry Sanford, an opposition Democrat. shortly after arriving at the Augusto Cesar Sandino Airport in a U.S. Air Force plane. Sen. Sanford. Democrat

Honduras and Salvador on Friday to monitor progress on the Central American initiative.

closed opposition newspaper La

Rican President Oscar Arias on Sunday in San Jose before returning to Washington.

Kalashnikov AK-47 assault rifle officials, leaders of industry and **Supreme Court nominee vows** 'to give everybody a fair shake'

H. Bork, winding up a record five struggic to become a Supreme

session of the Senate Judiciary Committee was called in large measure to allow extensive questioning by Sen. Arlen Specter. Sen Specter, a member of President Ronald Reagan's Republican Party said he remains unde-

Sen Specier said Mr. Bork apparently would vote on the high court against Congress in its hid to restrain presidential war-

GOREN BRIDGE BY CHARLES GOREN AND OMAR SHARLE

Q.I-Both Aninerable, as South you hold ♦X1054 TK963 Q10762 The Lidding has proceeded North East South What action do you take?

Q.2-As South, vulnerable, you 47 K106 AQ983 +AQ105 The bidding has proceeded:
South West North East
1 1 2 7 Pass

What do you bid now? Q.3—East-West vulnerable, as South you hold: +AK95 T7 CKQJ6 +Q1093 The bidding has proceeded: South West North

Pass Pass

What action do you take"

WEEKLY BRIDGE QUIZ Q.4-Both vulnerable, as South you hold +AKJ98 7 AQ103 +A76 The bidding has proceeded: Pass 2 T

> What action do you take" Q.5-Neither vulnerable, as South **♦AK9872 TAQJ 08 ♦**763 The bidding has preceded:
> South West North East
> 1 • Pass 2 7 Pass

What do you bid now? Q.6-As South, vulnerable, you

♦AKJ 7Q10543 0932 ♦Q7 The bidding has proceeded: tioned. North East South West Pass 1 7 Pagg Pass What do you hid now?

2 Salvadorean

SAN SALVADOR, El Salvador

years ago. Judge Manuel Bonilla Lopez of the 1st Penal Court in the Western city of Sonsonate said Saturday he had issued arrest warrants for Col. Elmer Gonzalez Araujo and Capt. Carlos Alfonso Figueroa.

court order. According to court records, 16 Indians in Las Hojas, a town 66 kilometres west of San Salvador,

from their homes by government troopers and killed. In previous testimony, Col.

enough evidence to proceed.

statement soon.

COLOMBO (R) — President Mr. Sen also discussed with Junius Jayewardene reaffirmed

his commitment to Sri Lanka's troops the question of searches peace pact and said his ruling for weapons used by the Tamil party would vote to implement it. militants. the newspaper said. "Make no mistake about. The United National Party will vote en bloc for the legislation when it is presented in parliament." Mr.

the Ceylon Planters' Society on Saturday. His comments followed mounting criticism of the accord which Mr. Jayewardene signed with Indian Prime Minister Rajiv Gandhi on July 29. It ended four years of fighting between government troops and Tamil separatist

Jayewardene told a meeting of

guerrillas. A top Indian diplomat flew to Jaffna City in the north of Sri Lanka on Saturday and met leaders of the Tamil Tigers and Indian peacekeeping troops to try to settle a dispute which threatens

the pact. The Sunday Times newspaper reported that Nirupani Sen. India's deputy high commissioner (deput ambassador), told the powerful Liberation Tigers of Famil Eelam they should concentrate on rebuilding the north and

Tigers leader Velupillai

In the eastern port of Trinco-

The Tamils were supporting a "death fast" by 23-year old Prabhakaran lieutenant Thileepan at a Hindu temple in

Mr. McCurdy blasted the

economic growth." "Democracy, not the contras,

Senate delegation arrived in Managua Saturday to talk with

Christopher Dodd and Republi-can John McCain travelled to

Sen. Dodd, who is leader of the delegation and chairman of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee's Western Hemisphere Affairs Subcommittee, said the trio would hold talks with Nicaraguan President Daniel Ortega, Cardinal Miguel Obando Y Bravo. Archbishop of Managua, and Violeta Chamorro, owner of the

They were to meet with Costa